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## Original Poetry

For the Bedford Gazette.

### INDIAN SUMMER.

"The melancholy days have come,
The saddest of the year."

Sad Autumn with its chilly frost,
Hath on the gale the leaflets tossed,
And strewn decay along the ground,
And spread a desolation 'round :—
And all is ruin—all is blight ;
And yet, how beautifully bright!
But 'tis the loveliness of those,
In whom Consumption's hectic glows—
Life's fairest, but its latest, spark,
Ere it departs, and all is dark!
'Tis Autumn—but not Autumn's breath
Is this, that fans the cheek of death,
And seems as tho' it fain would strive
To bid the dying year revive ;
The sun is red, as if with blood,
Serene the earth, and calm the flood ;
And bluer seem the distant mountains,
More darkly deep the stilly fountains ;
And all is soft in this sweet time—
Known only to the Western Clime—
Which thus redeems to season past,
One genial ray from wintry blast;
And smiles too brief for aught so bland,
The "Indian Summer" of our land!

'Tis summer—but without its flowers,
Pale monitors of fleeting hours ;
'Tis summer—but the leaves are sere,
The hoary hairs of aged year :—
Yet beauty—tho' in other guise ;
For beauty changes, never dies ;—
Delights us still with charms anew—
Variety of glorious hue ;
And gives to earth the lovely dyes,
That make the rain-bow of the skies!

O earth! why unto thee were given
The beauty and the light of heaven ?
That man should mar, with deeds of ill,
The loveliness, which is so, still ;
That he—an insect on thy breast—
Should make thee cursed, when thou art
And soil the green of thy fair plains [blessed,
With murder's dark and gory stains ;
And trace his path with sorrow's blight—
Leave ruin where he found delight,
And turn thee to a home of death—
Thou that sustain'st his fleeting breath!

### HOW TO EAT.

We have long considered eating an important part of our daily pleasure and duty. There are rules to be observed, which physiologically considered, are intimately connected with health and life, and hence, with our success and character. We should eat at regular times, eat wholesome food, eat slowly, masticate well, be cheerful while we eat, drink but little while eating, eat to live and not to kill ourselves.

But the thought on our mind just now, is relatively to the proprieties of the table. There are many little courtesies and refinements among well-bred people at the table, which many regard with indifference, that just now seem to us particularly appropriate and becoming. We say *just now*, because we had occasion a few days since, to feed some Indians, fresh from the forest. Their manner of eating was so hoggish, greedy, gormandish, as to be absolutely repulsive, not to say loathsome.—That human beings could eat so like brutes, we had not before dreamed. We had heard before of "bolting food," "roughing it," "taking it the natural way," &c., but we had no real conception of the coarseness and brutality of savage eating. We saw then the beauty of the refinements of the civilized table, as we had never seen it before. We realized sensibly the importance of cultivating a chaste and proper manner of eating, a refinement of table etiquette that shall be at once graceful and agreeable.

There are few places in which one's breeding shows itself more clearly than at the table. A low bred man will generally be ill-mannered and coarse at the table. A selfish man will usually show his selfishness as soon at the festal board as elsewhere. An awkward man will be sure to be doubly awkward at the table.—A bashful man is most bashful when he eats in company of others. A mean man will be especially mean at his own table. On the contrary a gentleman is especially a gentleman at his meals. The generous here shows his generosity; the polite man his politeness; the well-bred man his good manners; the graceful man his polish; the dignified man his dignity.

With the American people, table etiquette is too much neglected. More attention to good manners to a graceful and easy style of eating, to table politeness and courtesy, would do much to polish our people, and make their common behavior more agreeable and satisfactory to themselves. Our example and instruction before our children are important to them. There is such a thing as excessive politeness, as an exquisite mannerism at the table, which is to be avoided, but we are more likely to offend with our coarseness.

☞Charity obliges not to mistrust a man; prudence not to trust him before we know him.

POLITICAL.

# Read!

From the New York Journal of Commerce, Oct. 9th.

### LETTER FROM GOVERNOR DENVER.

The New York *Tribune* having published an article on Kansas affairs, September 20, which contained several gross misstatements as to the action of Governor Denver and President Buchanan, the Governor addressed the following courteous letter to the editor of the *Tribune*, correcting sti errors, but it had not the fairness to print it. Under these circumstances, the gentleman to whom it was sent for transmission to the *Tribune*, has handed it to us, and we cheerfully lay it before our readers :

LECOMPTON, K. T., Sept. 30, 1858.

*To the Editors of the New York Tribune.*

GENTLEMAN :—My attention has been called to an article in reference to Kansas affairs published in your daily of the 20th instant, and Tri-weekly of the 21st, in which you suggest that I had probably been compelled by the Administration to resign the post I have held here for some months past, and on that supposition you proceed to make some serious charges against Mr. Buchanan and his Administration, for all of which there is not the slightest foundation. It is true that I have resigned the office of Governor of Kansas, but it was an act of my own free will. The President desired me to remain, but the condition of my private affairs would not permit me to do so longer. In June last I sent up my resignation to take effect in August, but while in Washington in July, at the urgent solicitations of many persons interested in Kansas, and also at the request of the President, I then withdrew it for the time being. Those who are conversant with the facts know that it has been with extreme reluctance that I have remained here from the first, and that I have always declared my intention to resign the office of Governor, as soon as it could be done with safety to the public interests. I have received the most ample assurance of the cordial approval of my course in this Territory by the Cabinet, and here I must be permitted to say that in all my conversation with the President about Kansas affairs, he has always manifested the deepest concern for the peace and happiness of the country, and a determination that the people of the Territory should have a fair opportunity at the ballot box, to settle questions at issue before them in their own way, and without any extraneous influences. Such has been the character of all his communications to me, whether verbal or written, and while endeavoring to carry them out in good faith, I have met with no opposition from the moderate men of the Territory, nor from those who have been classed as proslavery men.

The frauds perpetrated at the election in January last, were committed by the violent and unscrupulous men of all parties, and the investigation of them was partisan and partial. Such acts as the forging of the returns from Delaware Crossing were paraded before the public with great gusto, while the destruction of the ballot box and the ballots at Sugar Mound, by Capt. Montgomery, was passed by in silence. The actors in all these transactions ought to have been severely punished, but there were no laws that would reach them, and the late Legislative Assembly, which was all Free State, made no sufficient laws to meet such cases in the future, but endeavored to paralyze the powers of the Circuit Courts and invest the Probate Courts with powers they could not exercise. You admit that things have gone on here quietly under my administration. This is not exactly correct. There have been some disturbances in Doniphan, Leavenworth, Linn and Bourbon counties, and in every case the disturbances have been produced by persons calling themselves Free State men. In Doniphan county an effort was made to assassinate the gentlemen who were elected to the Legislature on the first Monday in January last, and, although they escaped with their lives, they were plundered of their property, and their houses burned. No steps have been taken to punish the perpetrators, and yet all the county officers were Free State men. The troubles in Leavenworth city continued nearly all winter, and if the mayor, and other city officers did not encourage them, they certainly took no measures to have them suppressed. In Linn and Bourbon counties all was quiet until Montgomery and his band commenced plundering, and driving off the people who differed with them in political sentiments, in the course of which they committed some outrageous acts, one of which was to drive a farmer away from his home, on pain of death, and then to take the ladies of his family, strip off all their clothing, and in that condition compel them to walk backwards and forwards for their amusement. I passed through the counties where these outrages were perpetrated, and for some 30 miles it presented such a scene of desolation as I never expected to have seen, and hope never again to see in a country inhabited by American citizens. Is it any wonder that the people on whom such outrages were perpetrated, should become exasperated? Some three hundred families were thus robbed of their property, driven away from their homes, and compelled to fly from the Territory. About two-thirds of them from Linn county, where every local officer was and is a Free State man, after providing places of security for their families, some of the men, maddened and desperate with the treatment they had received, returned to seek revenge, and perpetrated the bloody and unjustifiable act of the Marais des Cygnes. This was followed on the part of Montgomery, by setting fire to the town of Fort Scott, in the middle of the night, while the people were all asleep : and then pouring in volleys of rifle balls to prevent the people from extinguishing the flames. Although no serious consequences resulted from this act, though several persons escaped very narrowly, yet its conception, I know of nothing worse in the whole history of Kansas. If such an act had been committed by a band of hostile Indians, it would have sent a thrill of horror throughout the whole country. Such have been some of the troubles in this Territory, and yet the perpetrators are running at large without an effort to arrest them, in counties where the Free State men have all the local officers, upheld by a portion of those calling themselves Free State men, among the most active of whom have been the hired reporters of the Eastern newspaper press. If any further disturbances occur in this Territory, these are the people who will be justly responsible for it.—The Free State party have a majority in every county in the Territory, and they have the sheriff and all other local officers in all but two or three of the counties, and there is no county in which the sheriff cannot preserve peace *if he desires to do so.*

You make another complaint against the President, that he has twice postponed the sales of the public lands. If I mistake not, last Spring you complained because the sales were ordered for July. The first postponement was made at the urgent solicitation of the people in all parts of the Territory, and so anxious were they to have it done, that they sent on a committee of three to see the President on the subject, and the result of their interview was published by you. The second postponement was more necessary than the first, for money had become more scarce in the Territory, the rates of interest had gone up to 5 and 10 per cent, per month, and there was a good deal of sickness throughout the whole country. By adhering to the second order for the sales to take place in November, the settler would be placed at the mercy of the money lender, when to postpone it the settler would have another year within which to obtain the means to secure a home, without having to give one-half of his land for the money with which to enter the other half. No good government would knowingly impose such terms on her citizens, and hence the second postponement of the land sales until July next. It was a measure demanded by the condition of affairs here, and of which I were determined to be dissatisfied with anything and everything the Administration might do, and a few money-lenders whose percentage has been greatly reduced by it.

By giving publicity to this, you will correct some erroneous impressions conveyed in the article allluded to, and oblige yours, respectfully.

J. W. DENVER.

### A BLACK REPUBLICAN.

Moses Perkins was a man who had no sympathy for the "suffering Africans," and didn't like to hear anything about the abolition of slavery. He didn't think the "suffering African's" troubles were anything to him, and was not disposed to bother about them. He had a brother-in-law who was of a different stripe, and here is told the way he served him :

"I had a brother-in-law," said Mose, "who was one of the ravenist, maddest, reddest, hottest Abolitionists you ever seed. I liked the pesky critter well enough, and should have been very glad to see him come and spend a day, fetching my sister to see me and my wife, if he hadn't 'lowed his tongue to run so 'bout niggers and slavery, and the equality of the races, and the duty of overflowing the Constitution of the United States, and a lot of other things, some of which made me mad, and the best part of 'em right sick. I puzzled my brains a good deal to think how I could make him shut up his noisy head 'bout Abolitionism.

"Well, one time, when brother-inlaw came over to stay, an idea struck me. I hired a nigger to help me through the haying time. He was the biggest, strongest, greasiest nigger I ever seed. Black! he was blacker than a stack of black cats, and just as shiney as a new beaver hat. I spoke to him."

"Jake," sez I, 'when you hear the breakfast bell ring, don't say a word, but you come into the parlor and set right down among the folks and eat your breakfast.'

The nigger's eyes stuck out of his head 'bout a feet.

'You're jokin, massa,' sez he.

'Jokin,' sez I, 'I'm sober as a decon.'

'But,' sez he, 'I shan't have time to wash myself and change my shirt.'

'So much the better,' sez I.

'Well breakfast came on, so did Jake, and he sat down 'long side my brother-in-law.' He started, but he didn't say a word. There warn't no mistake 'bout it. Shut your eyes and you would know it—for he was loud I tell you.—There was a first rate chance to talk Abolitionism, but my brother-in-law never opened his mouth.

'Jake,' says If you be on hand at dinner time, and he was. He had been working in the medder all the forenoon—it was hot as hickory and bilin' pitch, and—but I will leave the rest to your imagination. Wall, in the afternoon brother-in-law came up to me madder than a short-tailed bull in hornet time.

'Moses,' sez he, 'I want to speak to you.'

'Sing it out,' sez I.

'I haven't but a few words to say,' sez he, 'but if that ere confounded nigger comes to the table while I'm stoppin' here, I'll clear out.'

'Jake ate his supper that night in the kitchin, but from that day to this I never heard my brother-in-law open his mouth about Abolitionism. When the fugitive slave bill was passed, I thought he'd let out some, but he didn't for he knowed that Jake was still working on the farm.'

### A THRILLING INCIDENT.

On friday last, a man named Wilson made an ansion from the Fair ground at Centralia, Ill., a balloon, belonging to Brooks, the Æronut. He descended about eighteen miles dista at the farm of Mr. Harvey. After the graping iron had been made fast, Harvey, to amu his children, one a boy of four years, and the her a girl of eight years, placed them in the sket car, and permitted them to ascend sevil times as high as the rope would allow. Unpectedly the grappling iron slipped from the ther's hand, and the balloon with its precio freight was wafted out of sight. The distre of the parent knew no bounds. The peril o his children he considered imminent, for wit assurance had he that they would not be me into some dense forest, where they would overtaken with hunger before they could be fnd, or perhaps descend into some lake or strm and be drowned? As soon as it was ssible an Extra was issued at Centralia, and te whole neighboring country placed on the art to watch for the balloon and children.

Saturday morning at day break, a farmer ner New Carthage, forty-three miles distant fm Mr. Harvey's place, discovered the balloon suspended in the air, attached by the grapplig rope to a tree in his yard. He immediely hauled the balloon down, and found the youngest child asleep in the bottom of the basket, and the eldest carefully watching over her litle brother. They had been wafted about by different currents of air throughout the whole night, and had come to a halt but a little while bfore they were relieved.

The story the girl told was that, as the balloon ascended she cried piteously to her father to pull it down. She said she passed over a town where she saw a great many people to whom she likewise appealed at the top of her voice. This place was Centralia. The balloon was seen to pass over there, but the people little imagined it carried two persons in such danger. Her little brother cried with cold, and the heroic girl took off her apron, covered him and got him to sleep. In handling the ropes she happened to pull one which had the effect of bringing the balloon down, and although not understanding the philosophy of the movement, she was content to keep the valve open, so long as by so doing, she found she approached the earth.

The young ærial voyagers were in the balloon about thirteen hours and a quarter. It may be easily imagined that among the neighbors kind and loving consideration were objects of much may well entitle her to remembrance of the incident itself was of such remarkable character that we opine it will not soon be forgotten in that section.

The boy and girl were conveyed home as soon as practicable, and it is needless to say were received with outstretched arms.

### HYMN OF THE MARSEILLAISE.

The Marseillaise was inspired by genius, patriotism, youth, beauty and champagne. Rouget de Lisle was an officer of the garrison at Strasburg, and a native of Mount Jura. He was an unknown poet and composer. He had a pleasant friend, named Dietrick, whose wife and daughters were the only critics and admirers of the soldier poet's song. One night he was at supper with his friend's family, and they had only coarse bread and a few slices of ham. Dietrick, looking sorrowfully at De Lisle, said, "Plenty is not our feast, but we have the courage of a soldier's heart ; I have still one bottle left in the cellar—bring it, my daughter, and let us drink to liberty and our country!"

The young girl brought the bottle ; it was soon exhausted, and De Lisle went staggering to bed ; he could not sleep for cold, but his heart was warm and full of the beating of genius and patriotism. He took a small clavicord and tried to compose a song ; sometimes the words were composed first—sometimes the air. Directly he fell asleep over the instrument, and waking at daylight, he wrote down what he had conceived in the delirium of the night.—Then he woke the family, and sang his production; at first the women turned pale, then they wept, then burst forth into a cry of enthusiasm. It was the song of the nation and of terror.

Two months afterwards, Dietrick went to the scaffold, listening to the self same music, composed under his own roof and by the inspiration of his last bottle of wine. The people sang it everywhere; it flew from city to city, to every public orchestra. Marseilles adopted the song at the opening and close of its clubs—hence the name. "Hymn of the Marseillaise;" then it spread all over France. They sung it in their houses, in public assemblies, and in the stormy street convocations. De Lisle's mother heard it and said to her son, "What is this revolutionary hymn, sung by bands of brigands, and with which your name is mingled?" De Lisle heard it and shuddered as it sounded through the streets of Paris, rung from the Alpine passes, while he, a royalist, fled from the infuriated people, frenzied by his own words. France was a great amphitheatre of anarchy and blood, and De Lisle's song was the battle cry.

There is no national air that will compare with the Marseillaise in sublimity and power; it embraces the soft cadences full of the peasant's home, and the stormy clangor of silver and steel when an empire is overthrown ; it endures the memory of the vine dresser's cottage, and makes the Frenchman, in his exile, cry "La belle France!" forgetful of the torch, and sword, and guillotine, which have made his country a spectre of blood in the eyes of nations. Nor can the foreigner listen to it, sung by a company of exiles, or executed by a band of musicians, without feeling that it is the piroch of battle and war.

If you wish to be certain of what you get, never marry a girl named Ann ; 'an' is an indefinite article.

### LITTLE MITTIE.

BY LINA BELLE.

"Room, gentle flowers,
My child would pass to Heaven."

"Tired, little one?"

"Yes, Aunt Mittie, oh, so tired! And the little hands push back the damp hair from the pure white forehead, as the head sinks into its favorite resting place—my lap.

What a picture of beauty! So child-like and yet so unlike most children. I gaze and yearn for the gift to transfer its angelic sweetness to canvas. The pure, blue-veined forehead, arched by those delicate, dark brown, almost black, brows, though the hair is a light golden hue, the long fringe-like eye lashes, so long and dark that they throw a rayed shadow on the dove grey eyes, the little dimpled mouth, wreathed with a quiet smile of content, the rose white, pink cheek, (not the purple pink, so common in children, but the true rose hue,) all these might be painted. But could that spiritual expression, that shadow of something holy, that painters have so essayed to do in pictures of the Christ-child? Vain the attempt; it is the spirit shadow that goes home with the soul to Heaven.

"It was so warm, but I thought I would not put it off any longer" And the pure eyes gave me one of those confiding, loving looks that always sent a thrill to my heart.

"What was the task that could not be put off, Pet, that you must tire yourself walking in the hot sun to do it"

"I have been over to the cemetery to fix Virgie's grave. Something told me I must do it today. That selfish myrtle had crawled all over it, and almost smothered my sweet violets.—I had trained it up around the fence and over the post, but it would come down and crawl all over the grass and nearly covered up the violets I planted round dear Virgie's head. I've got it all nice now Aunt Mittie, and you shall go with me to-morrow to see it." That "to-morrow" never came.

White as the pillow on which she lies, the long dark lashes drooping on marble cheeks, one of which is pillowed on a little hand, while the other lies like a snow flake on the coveriet, so small and wasted that the little circles of gold that used to clasp the slender finger is now slipping from it. Quiet, yet so quiet, but not sleeping, for there is that expression, so sweet yet so holy. I gazed spell-bound. The large eyes open slowly but so calmly. "Aunt Mittie, is mamma gone?" Yes, pet. "The doctor told her I must die. I am sorry for mamma and father and Tinie and you, but I am not sorry for myself, I think it will be so nice to be in heaven and never have to die again. Heaven funeral and don't let every body know, full of violets. Virgie loved them so." And then those soft eyes look deep, deep into my soul and see a wall of partition that had never been thrown down, as the sweet voice murmered, "I know how you love Papa and Tinie ; give all the love you had for me to *mamma*." One hard struggle and the sweet voice was sealed with a kiss as she dropped her tiny ring in my hand.

"God gives us ministers of love,
Which we regard not being near,
Death takes them from us, then we feel,
That angels have been with us here."

### HOW TO EQUIP FOR A KANSAS TRIP.

A traveler in Kansas, who has evidently "bush-whacked" before, for he talks like an old Western pioneer, or a modern gold-miner, thus advises all who intend making a Kansas tour :

My advice to all travelers is to take along a sack of cooked provisions, a good bottle of brandy to mix with the water, for it is so different, sometimes free-stone, sometimes limestone, brook, branch, creek, river and spring, that you'll have thunder and lightning below, in twenty-four hours without it. Also a buffalo-robe or big blanket, with a box of matches, and with your gun get your meat, camp out, have a little bag of ground coffee and a tin cup; with these, you can travel from Jericho to Jerusalem, and avoid the taverns, and other annoyances, otherwise encountered in traveling in new countries. Boil or fry your meat on the coals, use bark for a plate, if you have flour make up the dough in a piece of bark off a tree, twist it round a bending stick, stick one end in the ground, while the dough end hangs over the fire; when one side is baked turn the other to the fire until baked, and you have a sweet biscuit. A little bag will carry along all articles necessary to be used, and you can squat down any where, at any time, turn out your team to grass, and become in reality "a squatter sovereign."

LIFE SAVED BY BEING JILTED.—A gentleman of Cincinnati has been "dying by inches" of rheumatism, and after travelling for some time he came home almost dead. He had been engaged to be married, and says the Cincinnati Enquirer:

"Weary of physicians, attempted cures and life itself, he came home to die, and again went to the Spencer House, thinking he would there receive from the kindly proprietress all the attendance he could at any place, not in every sense a home. He was carried from the boat to the hotel, and more dead than alive, placed in the comfortable apartment he had before occupied. On the sixth day after his return, he learned that his betrothed—thinking he could not survive, and wishing probably to lose no time in her connubial relations—had been married the day previous to another person, more wealthy, if less meritorious than he. All the friends of the diseased lover thought that this would prove fatal at once, in his then state of health, but instead of their anticipations being realized, in a week from the day of the reception of the unsuspected news, he arose from his bed and rapidly recovered, and in less than a month was as well as ever."

☞The more polished society is the less formality there is in it.

### A GOOD ARGUMENT.

It has been customary, for some time, when a man is arraigned before a court of justice, for his counsel to put in a plea of insanity on behalf of the accused. Recently an old negro man applied to us (says the Louisville *Democrat*) for instruction how to proceed against one of his own race whom he charged with purloining a dollar from him. He told us that he had placed three silver dollars in a small but strong box, which he kept in his room ; that a few days ago, Handy Andy (we will call him) broke the box open, took a dollar therefrom and decamped. We told him that it was useless to prosecute Andy, unless he had proof to substantiate the charge, and then, probably, the accused would be acquitted on the plea of insanity, as no sane man would take one dollar and leave two behind.

Then the old man exclaimed, with great emphasis :

"Massa, I tell you dat nigger ain't crazy ; he broke my box open and took de dollar out.—Now, if he had broke de box open and put in a dollar, den I say he's crazy."

### LADIES SHOULD READ NEWSPAPERS.

It is one great mistake in female education to keep a young lady's time and attention devoted to only the fashionable literature of the day. If you would qualify her for conversation, you must give her something to talk about—give her education with this actual world and its transpiring events. Urge her to read newspapers, and become familiar with the present character and improvements of our race. History is of some importance, but the past world is dead, and we have nothing to do with it.—Our thoughts and our concerns should be for the present world, to know what it is, and improve the condition of it. Let her have an intelligent opinion, and be able to sustain an intelligent conversation concerning the mental, moral, political and religious improvements of our times. Let the gilded annals and poems on the centre-table, be kept a part of the time covered with weekly and daily journals. Let the whole family—men, women and children—read the newspapers.

### OLD BACHELORS.

An exchange says :

"If our maker thought it wrong for Adam to live single, when there was not a woman upon the earth, how criminally guilty are old bachelors, with the world full of pretty girls."

The Savannah News meets the railing accusation :

We protest against it. The case of Adam old bachelors ence between Adam and the old bachelors of our day. Adam could afford to marry—many bachelors now a days cannot. What with crinoline, five hundred dollar shawls, diamond bracelets, and pin money, it is no small undertaking at this age of the world. Eve had no choice—it was Adam or nobody. She had no chance to get up a flirtation, for there was no one to flirt with. Seeing no other means of tantalizing her husband—a feminine peculiarity from that day to this—she got him in a scrape by eating the forbidden fruit. "Old bachelors are criminally guilty," are they? Give 'old bachelors" the same chance Adam had, and our word for it, a majority of them would put on matrimony in no time."

And then the Columbus *Enquirer* clinches the matter :

"Thems our sentiments, to a fraction. And it is our opinion, further, that if some married men were restricted to the same attractions and temptations that Adam had, there would be fewer applications to put off matrimony when once assumed. O, for the good old days of Adam and Eve."

### CABBAGE AND DITTO.

We have just now heard a cabbage story which we will cook up for our laughter loving readers :

"Oh! I loves you like anything," said a young countryman to his sweetheart, warmly pressing her hand.

"Ditto," said she, gently returning the pressure.

The ardent lover, not happening to be over and above learned, was sorely puzzled to understand the meaning of ditto—but was ashamed to expose his ignorance by asking the girl. He went home, and the next day being at work in cabbage patch with his father, he spoke out—

"Daddy, what's the meaning of ditto?"

"Why," said the old man, "this here is one cabbage head, ain't it?"

"Yes, daddy."

"Well, that ere's ditto."

"Rot that good-for-nothin' gal!" ejaculated the indignant son; "she called me cabbage head, and I'll be darned if ever I go to see her again."

☞"Do you know Mr.——?" asked one friend of another, referring to an old gentleman who was famous for his fondness of the extract of hops.

"Yes sir, I know him very well."

"What kind of a man is he?"

"Why, in the morning, when he gets up, he is a beer barrel, and in the evening, when he goes to bed, he is a barrel of beer.

"What are they talking about?" said a member, during a debate on the money question. "Theology," was the reply. Theology! Why I thought it was the money question." "Well, money is their deity, and they are discoursing about that."

If a journeyman dyer can earn two dollars a day by *dyeing* what should it cost him to *live*?

# THE BEDFORD GAZETTE.

**Bedford, October 29, 1858.**

B. F. Meyers & G. W. Benford, Editors.


## THE NEWS.

——Washington Irving, the great American author, is lying very ill at Tarrytown. His extreme old age and delicate bodily organization render his recovery very doubtful.

——The "fight for the championship" between Morrissey and Heenan, came off at Long Point Island, Canada, on Thursday of last week. Eleven rounds were fought when Morrissey was declared the victor. How "civilized" we are, to be sure!

——The overland mail from St. Louis to California, is considered a "fixed fact." It leaves the former place on Monday and Thursday mornings. Letters intended for this route should be endorsed "Overland Mail." The price of postage on single letters is three cents. No newspapers can be forwarded by this route.

——Mrs. Twiggs, convicted of the murder of her husband and Mrs. Clark, was executed at Danville, on Friday last. She died protesting her innocence.

——A Washington letter writer states that between $800,000 and $900,000 will be required for the volunteers engaged in the service against the Florida Indians, until the removal of Billy Bowlegs and his band.

——The French Government have disavowed the operations of Monsieur Belly in Nicaragua. Belly's plans were not well digested.

——Vice President Breckenridge has written a letter to the Illinois Democratic State Committee, in reply to an invitation from the latter to address the Democracy of Illinois, in which he takes occasion to say that he could not approve of the course of Senator Douglas on the Lecompton question, but nevertheless, as the standard bearer of the Illinois Democracy in their present struggle with Black Republicanism, he hoped that he would be re-elected to the Senate.

——The New Yorkers are at present having a "sensation" over a new foreign musical prodigy, yclept Piccolomini.

——Indiana has gone Democratic, by from 3000 to 5000. The "Hoosier State" is always O. K.

——The Atlantic Telegraph Cable has ceased to "work." The mysterious English electrician, De Santy, *alias* De Santy, has at last acknowledged its late and continued impracticability.

——The result of the late elections, notwithstanding the defeat in this State, leaves a Democratic majority of 17 over the Black Republicans in the next Congress.

——The Legislature of our State, is this year largely Know-Nothing-Black-Republican and Whang-doodle. Look out for favoritism to the Railroads and Banks, and for bribery and corruption generally. The K. N. B. R. W.'s have 35 majority on joint ballot.

——Hon. Wm. H. English, of Indiana, the author of the much abused "English Lecompton Bill," has been re-elected to Congress, by nearly 2000 majority! Wonder who was "rebuked" by this result.

——Hon. Gaylord Church, of Crawford county, has been appointed by Governor Packer, Judge of the Supreme Court, vice Hon. Wm. A. Porter, resigned.

——The President has appointed Hon. J. Glancy Jones, of Berks county, Minister to Austria. This is another mark of favor to Pennsylvania from Mr. Buchanan.

——Kimber Cleaver, Esq., of Schuylkill co., a prominent Native American politician, died a few days ago.

——Gen. Denver has resigned the Governorship of Kansas and is at present on his way to Washington.

## BEDFORD COUNTY A DEPENDENCY?

[illegible] received at the late election 292 votes less than Jas. Burns, jr., and 179 less than David Hay. Still, notwithstanding this emphatic protest of the people of Bedford county against Mr. Williams being their representative, he (Williams) is forced upon them in that capacity, by the people of a neighboring county. We do not attach any blame to the latter for exercising this tyrannical power over us, for, doubtless, they believe that the law gives them the right to do so. But what shall we say of the men who made this law, that thus robs us of our rights, and places us under the dictatorship of another county? What shall we say of that legislator who as a citizen of Bedford county, betrayed our sovereignty into the hands of others? What shall we say of Francis Jordan, who, when in the State Senate, for no other purpose than to serve his own political ends, connected Bedford with Somerset, as a Legislative District, when he knew that each of the two counties was separately entitled to one member, and that by linking them together, as he did, he would smother the voice of the people of Bedford county and make them dependent for their representative in the Assembly, upon the will of the people of Somerset?

Citizens of Bedford county! you have pronounced against Geo. W. Williams and yet he will go to Harrisburg and act as your representative. Somerset county says you must take him, *nolens, volens*, as your representative.—Somerset cracks Francis Jordan's whip over your backs, and you must obey. What a burning shame, that you were thus sold, betrayed and disfranchised by your unfaithful and unscrupulous Senator!

☞The *Daily News* doesn't like our "big rooster." The Black Republicans generally don't like him. We are sorry for it, but that old rooster can no more keep from crowing *after an election*, than the *Daily News* can from lying *before one*—and so we do not try to control him, but just let him have his own way.—His propensity for crowing and that of the *News* for yarning, are traceable to the same cause—"force of habit."

## WILL MR. WILLIAMS RESIGN?

Geo. W. Williams is beaten in Bedford county, by 200 majority. The people of this county have emphatically declared that they do not desire his services at Harrisburg. Will Mr. Williams, notwithstanding his repudiation by his fellow citizens of Bedford county, have the impudence to claim a seat in the next Legislature, as their representative? Under such circumstances, would not any man who has any respect for himself, at once quietly resign?

## FIFTY SIX AND FIFTY EIGHT.

The aggregate vote for President in this State, in 1856, was 460,395. Of this number, 230,710 were received by Mr. Buchanan, and the remainder, 229,685, were cast for Messrs. Fremont and Fillmore. At the election just held, the aggregate vote of the State, was only 369,246, showing a loss on the vote of 1856, of 91,149. The Democratic vote was 171,120; the Abolition vote, 198,116; showing a Democratic loss on the vote of 1856, of 59,590 and an Abolition loss of 31,569.

It is plain, judging from these statistics, that Pennsylvania is unchanged in her political status. She is still, as she has been, from her earliest history, a Democratic State. The Opposition have not made any gains; on the other hand they poll, now, over thirty thousand votes less than they did two years ago. They beat us this Fall only by getting a fuller turn out than ours, and it will, therefore, be but necessary for the Democracy to bestir themselves, at the next election, to wrest from their foes the supremacy which they have just obtained.

## JOHN C. KNOX.

We have before stated that we were surprised when we saw so rank an Abolitionist as John C. Knox selected by a Democratic Governor as his constitutional adviser. We are still more surprised to find that notwithstanding Knox's speeches against regular Democratic nominees—notwithstanding his conspiracy with John W. Forney and other renegade Democrats, to defeat the very man whom Gov. Packer appointed to office and whose nomination by the Democratic party was brought about by the fact that he was the Governor's appointee—we repeat, we are still more surprised to find that after such conduct on the part of Knox, he is still suffered to hold his place as Attorney General and to batten upon the emoluments of a Democratic Administration. Is Knox better than any other traitor, that his treachery should thus be winked at? Does Gov. Packer fear his displeasure more than he does that of the great party to which he owes his present position? Or, (as we have heard it intimated, but which we do not, and can not believe) does the Governor sympathise with the movements of his traitorous and disorganizing Attorney General?

☞Read the interesting letter of Gov. Denver, on the first page. The Governor's statements prove what we have frequently asserted, that the Free State, or Abolition, party in Kansas, were the authors of the troubles in that Territory.

A little high.—The Abolition newspapers have been claiming the election of their State Ticket by 40,000. It seems from the official returns, that their calculations were only about 13,000 too high!

New Goods!—Our merchants are getting their new goods and all who desire to invest with them can be amply accommodated. Remember the knights of the yardstick!

*Atlantic Monthly.*—The Oc[illegible] Holmes and others of the great lights of American literature, are contributors to the "Atlantic." Since the death of Putnam's Monthly, this magazine has occupied the position of the leading monthly in the United States. It is published by Phillips, Sampson & Co., Boston, Mass.

*Graham's Magazine.*—We have a pride in "Graham." It is a Pennsylvania book, and as Pennsylvanians we should be proud of it and render it a support commensurate with our State pride. There are other Pennsylvania magazines, it is true, but "Graham" was the pioneer in its peculiar field of letters. We say, therefore, *vive le* "Graham!"—Watson & Co., publishers, Philadelphia, Pa.

"*The Wife's Trials*," a novel by Miss Pardoe, has just been issued by T. B. Peterson & Brothers, of Philadelphia.

The Philadelphia *Argus* says: Miss Pardoe is well known to the readers of fiction as a neat and beautiful writer. Her "Confessions of a Pretty Woman," "The Rival Beauties," "The Romance of the Harem," and numerous other works, are deservedly popular, and "The Wife's Trials" will rank with the best of them. It is written in a chaste and vigorous style, and the tale it tells is calculated to reach the heart. The work is gotten up in Peterson's best style, and we have no doubt will meet with a welcome reception from the public.

*Peterson's Counterfeit Detector.*—We do not hesitate to pronounce this the best work of its kind, extant. It is a regular *Fouche* among Counterfeit Detectors. No business man should be without it.—In the semi-monthly number before us, we are informed that "*sixty new counterfeits have been put in circulation since the first of October.*" Terms: Monthly edition, per annum, $1.00; Semi-monthly, per annum, $2.00. Address T. B. Peterson & Brothers, 306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

Important Verdict.—The Pittsburg and Connellsville Railroad Company has obtained a verdict against Gen. Wm. Robinson, Jr., of Pittsburg, for the sum of $6000. It appears by a statement in the Pittsburg Chronicle, Gen. Robinson subscribed for one hundred shares of the stock of the company in 1857, when Gen. Larimer was President, but never paid up.—The defence was that the subscription was made at the instance of Gen. Larimer, with the understanding that Gen Robinson would never be called upon to pay it, the company desiring only to have the influence of his name. It was further contended that the stock had been transferred by Gen. Robinson to Gen. Larimer, and by the latter to the company, and that therefore any claim that might have existed against the defendant was extinguished, and the plaintiffs could not recover. The jury however thought otherwise, and gave a verdict against Gen. Robinson for the whole amount of stock, with interest.

## PENNSYLVANIA ELECTION.

| Counties. | Porter, | Read. | Fr[illegible] | Frazer. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Adams | 2,246 | 2,220 | 2,[illegible] | 2,217 |
| Allegheny | 6,508 | 10,057 | 6,[illegible] | 9,937 |
| Armstrong | 2,003 | 2,386 | 1,9[illegible] | 2,361 |
| Beaver | 1,152 | 1,861 | 1,1[illegible] | 1,870 |
| Bedford | 2,007 | 1,811 | 2,0[illegible] | 1,831 |
| Berks | 9,654 | 5,024 | 9,7[illegible] | 5,040 |
| Blair | 1,679 | 2,714 | 1,6[illegible] | 2,696 |
| Bradford | 1,096 | 4,632 | 3[illegible] | 4,632 |
| Bucks | 5,171 | 5,205 | 5,1[illegible] | 5,189 |
| Butler | 1,984 | 2,534 | 1,97[illegible] | 2,527 |
| Cambria | 2,100 | 1,671 | 2,1[illegible] | 1,651 |
| Carbon | 1,263 | 1,467 | 1,25[illegible] | 1,400 |
| Centre | 2,060 | 2,364 | 2,08[illegible] | 2,379 |
| Chester | 4,742 | 7,371 | 4,74[illegible] | 7,371 |
| Clarion | 2,185 | 1,366 | 2,14[illegible] | 1,277 |
| Clearfield | 1,514 | 994 | 1,49[illegible] | 964 |
| Clinton | 1,367 | 1,240 | 1,36[illegible] | 1,239 |
| Columbia | 1,902 | 1,458 | 1,90[illegible] | 1,436 |
| Crawford | 2,114 | 3,070 | 2,024 | 3,109 |
| Cumberland | 2,811 | 2,501 | 2,830 | 2,498 |
| Dauphin | 2,185 | 3,344 | 2,303 | 3,204 |
| Delaware | 1,604 | 2,818 | 1,646 | 2,780 |
| Elk | 519 | 353 | 504 | 340 |
| Erie | 1,921 | 3,233 | 1,529 | 3,187 |
| Fayette | 2,527 | 2,205 | 2,454 | 1,117 |
| Forest | 70 | 77 | 52 | 84 |
| Franklin | 3,060 | 3,385 | 3,085 | 3,381 |
| Fulton | 730 | 565 | 723 | 575 |
| Greene | 1,941 | 842 | 1,777 | 846 |
| Huntingdon | 1,390 | 2,079 | 1,290 | 2,075 |
| Indiana | 1,440 | 3,027 | 1,416 | 999 |
| Jefferson | 1,153 | 1,257 | 1,121 | 238 |
| Juniata | 1,215 | 1,216 | 1,204 | 1,179 |
| Lancaster | 6,066 | 9,925 | 5,099 | 843 |
| Lawrence | 601 | 1,923 | 584 | 867 |
| Lebanon | 1,508 | 2,657 | 1,509 | 578 |
| Lehigh | 3,102 | 2,917 | 2,125 | 2,208 |
| Luzerne | 4,496 | 4,742 | 447 | 456 |
| Lycoming | 2,299 | 2,223 | 2,266 | 225 |
| M'Kean | 546 | 773 | 555 | 61 |
| Mercer | 2,120 | 2,825 | 2,118 | 214 |
| Mifflin | 1,122 | 1,466 | 1,198 | 191 |
| Monroe | 1,424 | 599 | 1,395 | 11 |
| Montgomery | 5,525 | 5,576 | 5,628 | 5,86[illegible] |
| Montour | 770 | 813 | 744 | [illegible]5 |
| Northampton | 3,041 | 2,225 | 3,035 | 2,20 |
| Northumb'd | 2,450 | 1,634 | 2,281 | 1,99 |
| Perry | 1,628 | 1,791 | 1,634 | 1,94 |
| Phil'a. City | 26,867 | 33,395 | 27,589 | 33,94 |
| Pike | 497 | 176 | 498 | 10 |
| Potter | 498 | 983 | 480 | 94 |
| Schulkill | 5,494 | 5,703 | 5,483 | 5,78 |
| Snyder | 1,055 | 1,402 | | |
| Somerset | 1,585 | 2,475 | 1,585 | 2,47 |
| Sullivan | 488 | 307 | 595 | 28 |
| Susquehanna | 1,954 | 3,121 | 1,953 | 3,10 |
| Tioga | 1,449 | 3,084 | 1,415 | 3,00 |
| Union | 748 | 1,285 | 787 | 1,23 |
| Venango | 1,743 | 1,902 | 1,737 | 1,89 |
| Warren | 1,097 | 1,605 | 1,064 | 1,58 |
| Washington | 3,677 | 3,906 | 3,509 | 3,90 |
| Wayne | 2,121 | 1,763 | 2,130 | 1,80 |
| Westmorel'd | 4,456 | 3,783 | 4,442 | 3,784 |
| Wyoming | 951 | 844 | 958 | 815 |
| York | 4,529 | 3,942 | 4,550 | 3,973 |
| Total | 171,130 | 198,116 | | |
| | | 171,130 | | |
| Read's majority | | 26,986 | | |

## DEMOCRATIC GAINS.

The State elections which have taken place this year, show large and gratifying Democratic gains over the vote of 1856.

MAINE has reduced her Republican majority of 6,000 in '56, down to 3,000.

VERMONT falls from 28,000 in '56, to 15,000.

CONNECTICUT, which gave 10,000 for Fremont, is Republican by only 2,500.

CALIFORNIA, the first free state on the Pacific, shows a change of 11,000 in favor of Democracy and the National Administration.

MISSOURI has risen from a Democratic majority of 9,000 in '56, to 25,000 in '58.

KENTUCKY has run up from 7,000 for Buchanan and Breckenridge, to 13,000.

NORTH CAROLINA, which gave 11,000 for the Democratic nominees in '56, now gives 16,000.

Thus says the *Jeffersonian*, in the North as in the South—in the Free States as well as in the Slave States—the people are rallying against Abolition-Sectionalism, and in support of the National Administration based upon the Constitution and devoted to the Union. And so it will continue.

## The Baltimore Election.

The Baltimore *Exchange* in an article on the recent election in Baltimore says:

"The fact that Mr. Swann has been re-elected to the Mayoralty by violence and fraud is less discreditable to our city, than the supposition that he has been retained in office by the voluntary suffrages of its people. The truth is, that there was no election on Wednesday, nor even the form or pretence of one. From the opening of the polls in the morning until their close in the evening, in nineteen wards in the city, they were occupied and held by bands of armed bullies who, with comparatively few exceptions, as the returns will show, permitted nobody to vote who did not openly show and vote the "American" ticket. That ticket, moreover, was so marked upon the back with a blue chequered or diamond shaped pattern, resembling that upon the back of an ordinary playing card, that, however folded, it could be recognized without difficulty in the hand of the voter. By this means, the secrecy of the ballot was effectually destroyed, and the ruffians who guarded every avenue to the polls were enabled to tell at a glance whose might be admitted, and whose were to be excluded. Not content, however, with excluding legal voters opposed to the election of Mr. Swann, an immense quantity,—probably not less than from two thirds to three fourths of the whole number polled—of purely illegal votes, were cast in his favor—not only men but boys, frequently voting—not twice or thrice, but ten or twelve times,—not only in different wards but in the same ward—not at different hours of the day merely, but half a dozen times in succession, with scarcely an attempt at concealment or disguise. Other votes were polled which were purely fictitious—tickets being handed to the judges, and received by them which were falsely represented to have been tendered by persons in omnibusses and carriages, who were unable to get out and walk to the window. In short every trick or stratagem which fraud could invent, and every extremity to which violence could resort, were successfully employed for the purpose of electing Mr. Swann."

## Resignation of Judge Porter.

Philadelphia, Oct. 16th, 1858.

*His Excellency William F. Packer, Governor of Pennsylvania:*—

Dear Sir:—On the first day of your entrance on official duty, I received from your hand a commission as a Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. The event then considered possible, perhaps I should say probable, has just been realized. I have little to say of the means which produced it. On receiving the appointment, I thought that being a Judge, actually sitting on the bench and deciding on the rights of men of all shades of political opinion, I ought not to write a political letter, nor to make a political speech. In the first place, I was not willing to hide my claims to the office, however small, in the shadow of a mere political question. In the next place, I was and I am thoroughly convinced, by reading and reflection, that whenever a Judge can be elected by reason of his sentiments on any question of politics, that moment the real power of the judicial office will disappear. Possibly this may be very erroneous doctrine, very opportunely expressed, but I shall maintain it, while I possess a moral sense or retain a rational faculty. In the certain prospect of a defeat far more disastrous, not one hair's breath of it should be abated.

The reverse that has occurred to the Party is of less consequence than we are apt to suppose. The Democratic party is coeval with the Government itself, and it will exist so long as the Republic endures. Within its ranks men will always be found, who remain there only to do with more success the work of disorganization. The Party itself, though depressed, is not destroyed. The point of its lowest depression is that from which it will, of necessity, begin to rise. At this moment, I solemnly believe it to be the best and strongest political organization which has ever existed for preserving the interests of the whole country.

Now to the point. I am not weak enough to suppose that the enclosed commission has had much to do in causing the present political excitement. Nevertheless, it is plain that the people of Pennsylvania prefer another person as a Judge of their Supreme Court. In these circumstances, it seems to me a simple dictate of delicacy and propriety to retire from the office. In addition to this, I ought to state that there are several important causes pending in which I wish to take part as counsel, and these require immediate attention. I, therefore, enclose my resignation. The office was tendered by you very kindly, without solicitation on my part. I resign it gratefully, and without, as I hope, having brought upon it a stain of dishonor.—Less was accomplished than I could have wished, but I am not conscious of an act which does not meet the approval of my own sense of duty. To yourself, personally, and to those friends who are sending me their sympathy, I beg to say, in a word, that there is no cause for regret. I return to a profession which I was conscious of abandoning too soon, and to a position at the bar as honorable as that which is now relinquished, and so much more remunerative, that comparison is out of question. Certainly, I ought to regard it no hardship to exchange for the comforts of home, that wandering life which the law of Pennsylvania compels her Judges to lead. If I have any regret, it is in parting with those pure and upright men, who will remain to discharge their arduous and unrequited work.

Wishing you a prosperous administration of [illegible],

W. A. PORTER.

## Condition of the English laborer.

According to some of the British journals the condition of a large portion of the English laborers is truly deplorable. They can with great difficulty, earn the means of subsistence, while their social comforts are few and far between. Various efforts have been made to produce a change, but thus far with little success. The *Northern Times*, published at Liverpool, takes up the subject in detail, and in the course of a sympathetic article, says:

We boast of our abhorrence of negro slavery; we romance, we moralize, and we actually weep over the tales of African suffering, but we can not afford a passing thought for the millions of white slaves who constitute the masses of our laboring population. What are these in reality but mere animated machines? employed only because it has not been possible as yet to discover others to supersede them. As their employment has been the result of necessity, and not of choice, the great object of the employer has been to tax the physical endurance of the employee to its utmost limits, and reduce the the rate of remuneration to the lowest minimum. Unfortunately, the fierce competition of trade, and the unusally overcrowded state of the labor market, combined to render this state of things apparently inevitable.

## What have They Gained?

The Democratic party has been defeated; but to which of the opposition factions does the honor of the triumph belong? It were hard to tell, and still harder to determine who is to be the gainer by the triumph. This point—and the only important one belonging to the result—is well put by the Philadelphia *Evening Journal*, an independent paper, in the following questions, which it would be good for the honest and well meaning voters who were deluded into the belief that they would be the gainers by a change, to consider:

"But what can they reasonably expect from a conglomeration of three or more feeble and mutually jealous factions, which are induced to unite under a common name, here and there and now and then, without any bond of hearty and lasting union? Suppose they carry an election, can any-body tell who or what has triumphed? In the odd jumble of elements, we cannot get any definite result. We can't decide whether Whigs, Republicans or Americans are in the ascendant, while beyond the purpose of defeating the Democrats, there is no assurance that they will hold together an hour, or sympathize and co-operate in anything. Can such a political *pot pourri* of odds and ends ever come to good? Can efficient power for any object whatever be looked for from such a source?"

Indian Battle on the Plains.—Intelligence has been received at St. Louis, of a desperate battle between the U. S. troops and the Camanches, near Wachita village, in which Lieut. Van Camp and four men were killed. The United States force was composed of two hundred and fifty men of the second cavalry, under Maor Van Dorn and one hundred and twelve friendly Indians, under Capt. Ross. The latter officer and ten men were wounded. The whites captured a number of horses and took two hundred women and children prisoners.

How the Old Whigs of Massachusetts Go. Mr. Richard Yeadon, the editor of the Charleston (S. C.) *Courier*, in writing to his paper from Boston, speaks of the prevailing sentiment of the Old Line Whigs of that city, the associates and supporters of Daniel Webster. Rufus Choate has been openly with the Democracy since 1856, and Mr. Yeadon says:

"I strongly hope and verily believe that Winthrop, Everett, the Curtises, Hillard, and numerous others, will incline the same direction, and at least be *with* if not *of* the Democracy, at the approaching State elections. Indeed, on my telling Mr. Everett of the happy coincidence I had found between my host and myself, in that we were both Old Line Whigs turned Democrats, and expressing the hope that our example would be numerously followed, he pleasantly remarked "Well, I have taken the first step myself in that direction, as I addressed the Democratic Young Men on the Fourth of July."

We are not surprised at this. There is no other party for Mr. Everett, the great student and expounder of Washington's life and history to associate with. It is a curious fact in our political history, that nearly all the first class men of the old Whig party, North and South, the contemporaneous and personal friends of Webster and Clay, are now active Democrats. It is the small men, the political tricksters and traders, who are ready to join a sectional party, whose triumph would prove the death knell of the Union—and the demolition of the cherished hopes that our national progress has inspired in the hearts of the lovers of freedom everywhere.—*Newark Journal.*

Douglas on Vermont.—I was born away down in Yankee land; I was born in a valley in Vermont, with the high mountains around me. I love the old green mountains and valleys of Vermont, where I was born and where I played in my childhood. I went up to visit them seven or eight years ago, for the first time in twenty odd years. When I got there they treated me very kindly. They invited me to the Commencement of their College, placed me on the seats of their distinguished guests, and conferred upon me the degree of LL. D. in Latin, the same as they did on Old Hickory at Cambridge, many years ago, and I give my word and honor I understood just as much of the Latin as he did. When they got through conferring the honorary degree, they called upon me for a speech, and I got up with my heart full and swelling with gratitude for their kindness, and I said to them: "My friends, Vermont is the most glorious spot on the face of the globe for a man to be born in, provided he emigrates when he is very young." [Speeches on the Stump in Illinois.

Post Office Department.—The following is a statement of the receipts and expenditures of the Post Office Department for the quarter ending on the 30th of June, 1858, as exhibited by the books of the Auditor of the Treasury for that Department:

| | |
|---|---|
| RECEIPTS. | |
| Amount of letter postage | $216,297.53 |
| Newspaper and pamphlet do | 140,790.72 |
| Postage for registered letters | 6,661.80 |
| Stamps sold | 1,434,096.85 |
| Emoluments | 18,174.83 |
| Total | $1,816,021.73 |
| EXPENDITURES. | |
| Postmasters' compensation | $587,414.79 |
| Paid for ship, steamboat and way letters | 4,471.53 |
| [illegible] expenses of post office | 271,954.20 |
| | $863,840.52 |
| Net balance due the United States | $952,181.21 |

The postage stamps and stamped envelopes used and cancelled amount to $1,340,557.34.—*Washington Star.*

## Sad Event—Gored to Death by a Bull.

The Rev. Samuel C. Parker of Hinckley, Medina county, met with a terrible death on Sunday morning, the 10th inst. He was seen to go into a field in which he kept a bull, with a pitchfork in his hand, for the purpose, as is supposed, of driving the animal out. About an hour after, a person called at his house to invite him to preach a funeral sermon, and was directed by the family to the field where they supposed Mr. Parker to be. On looking for him he was found dead, the body tossed over the fence, several rods from where the pitchfork was lying. The horns and head of the bull were bloody, and the marks on the ground indicated that the unfortunate man was gored and pitched along by the vicious animal from the place where the pitchfork was dropped to the fence, and then tossed completely over it.

Mr. Parker was a Methodist minister, and had a small farm on which he resided. A wife and three or four children are bereaved by the afflictive dispensation. He was much esteemed by a wide circle of friends and acquaintances, and a large concourse of people, including the Masonic fraternity, attended the funeral of the good man, so suddenly and so sadly removed from their midst.

## FIRE IN CLEARVILLE.

A devastating fire broke out in the town of Clearville, in this county, on Tuesday of last week, laying in ashes three dwelling houses and five shops before its progress could be arrested. Two of the dwelling houses burned, we are sorry to learn, belonged to our friends, Matthew Murray and Artemas Bennett, who are heavy losers by the conflagration,

## MARRIED:

On Thursday evening, the 14th inst., at the residence of Mr. James Weaver, near Williamsburg, Blair Co., by the Rev. A. A. Eskridge, Samuel S. Flack, Esq., of Hopewell, Bedford Co., to Miss Bell C. Weaver of the former place.

May the happy couple be abundantly blessed and may the bond of their union be ever bright and substantial, even as the gold dollar that accompanied the above notice.

☞Hollidaysburg papers please copy.

On the 7th inst., at the house of the bride's residence, by Rev. David Ray, Mr. Josiah Horn, (formerly of Bedford County) to Miss Sarah A. King, all of Cedar Co., Iowa.

## DIED:

On the 19th inst., near Pattonsville, *Gilbert Francis*, only child of George W. and Anna M. Grove, aged thirteen months and two days.

Weep not for him! There is no cause for woe;
But rather nerve the spirit, that it walk
Unshrinking o'er the thorny paths below,
And from earth's low defilements keep thee back:
So, when a few fleet severing years have flown,
He'll meet thee at heaven's gate—and lead thee on!
Weep not for him!


## A. B. Cramer & Co.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

**Fall and Winter Goods,**

all of which have been purchased since the great

DECLINE IN PRICES EAST.

Our ASSORTMENT is the best we have ever offered, including all the

*NEWEST STYLES IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.*

Unprecedented bargains will be offered our friends and customers for CASH, or PRODUCE. A liberal credit will be given to those only, who will PROMPTLY settle their accounts every January by Cash or Note.

No trouble to show goods.—Call and see the bargains. A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Oct., 29, 1858.

## NEW AUTUMN AND WINTER GOODS.

OSTER, MANSPEAKER & CARN,

have now in store a complete stock of

*SEASONABLE DRY GOODS,*

embracing printed Byadere, Pacific and Hamilton Delaines, Robes Volentine, Robes A'Quilla, Rich Black and Fancy Silks, Saxony and Paris Plaids, Coburgs and Merinos, in all desirable colors from 25 cents up, plain and printed Persian Cloth, from 12½ cts up, printed Flannels, Indian Scotch Plaid and Bay State Blanket Shawls, from $1.50 up, gloves and hosiery, dress trimmings and fringes, merino under shirts and drawers, comforts and scarfs, bleached and unbleached muslins, in all widths, from 6¼ cts. up, checks, ginghams, tickings, flannels, new style fall prints, from 6¼ cts. up, cassimers, cloths and every other article usually kept in a well

ASSORTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS,

Together with a large assortment of Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Glass and Queensware, Cutlery, fresh family groceries, &c., &c.

We respectfully invite every person to call and examine our GOODS before purchasing, as we are determined to sell exceedingly low for cash or approved produce. (Oct., 29, 1858.)


List of Jurors, drawn for November (3d Monday,) 1858.

GRAND JURORS.

Josiah D Shuck, George W Buxton, Jacob Beckley, Jacob S Brumbaugh, Martin Boor, Morgan Cessna, Christopher Carper, Gilliard Dock, George W. Gump, John Hull, Jonathan Harkleroad, Chas. Heltzell, Joseph Heckman, Isaac Imler, Nicholas Koontz, Jacob Kifer, Samuel Miller, Jacob A Nicodemus, John Nelson, Nathan Robison, Henry Kessler, James Sill, Joseph Stiffler, Gideon D. Trout.

PETIT JURORS.

John Amos, Fred'k Berkhimer, Jacob Barkman, Daniel Barley, Alexander Croft, George Cauffman, David Barns, Samuel Carmick, Joseph Chamberlain, John Comp, John Ditmer, Adam Easter, Peter Ewalt, Daniel Fletcher, Solomon Feight, Jacob Hinish, Adam Ketterman, Charles Harkleroad, Henry Ickes, Joseph Long, Peter Moses, Michael Northcraft, Bernard O'Neal, Jacob Oster; Thomas Piper, John S. Ritchey, David Roland, William Robison, Michael Smouse, John Smith, David Steel, William States, James Smith, Jacob Stuckey, Rob't M Taylor, Benjamin Valentine, John H. Wilkinson, Wm. C. Wisegarver.


WHAT THEY SAY IN

## SOUTH CAROLINA.

Abbeville, S. C., Aug. 21, 1858.

Messrs. FARREL, HERRING & CO., Philadelphia.

Gentlemen—The close attention which our own affairs have required since the fire, has hitherto prevented us from writing to you about the Safe.

On the occasion of the fire 19th July, by which we suffered a large loss, our store, with a number of other buildings, was consumed. The Safe, of your manufacture, which we had in the store, was exposed to [illegible] on its strong iron frame, which, from its flaked and scaly appearance, looks as though it had been heated for a long time in a furnace. The Safe, with heaps of molten glass and kegs of nails, *fused into a mass*, fell into the cellar, surrounded by burning materials, and there was suffered to remain, (as the contents had been removed before the fire reached us,) until the 2d of August, 14 days afterwards.

The difficulty in cutting it open with the best tools that could be procured, convinced us of its power to resist the attempts of burglars, and when it was opened, we found the interior, to the astonishment of all, entirely uninjured by fire.

This test has so fully convinced us of the capabilities of your Safes, that we would not part with the one we have in use for a large sum, were we debarred the privilege of getting another.

Respectfully yours,
R. H. WARDLAW & SON.

## "WHISKERANDO"

WARRANTED to force the Moustache and Whiskers to grow strong and luxuriant in one month where there was none before. It will not stain or injure the skin. Price one dollar.—Sent to all parts of the country.

Address, Dr. S. P. SHELDEN, N. York City.
October 29, 1858-6m

## FARREL, HERRING & CO.,

**130 Walnut Street,**

*PHILADELPHIA,*

Only Makers in this State, of

**Herring's**

PATENT CHAMPION SAFE,

THE MOST RELIABLE SECURITY FROM FIRE NOW KNOWN.

Oct. 29, 1858.


## REGISTER'S NOTICE.

ALL persons interested, are hereby notified that the following named accountants, have filed their accounts in the Register's office of Bedford County, and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court in and for said county, on Tuesday the 19th day of November, next, at the Court House in Bedford.

The account of S. L. Russell, Executor of the last Will &c., of Mary Ann Davidson, late of Bedford township, dec'd, who was administrator of Margaret Davidson, late of said township, dec'd.

The account of Anthony Smith, Executor of the last will of Hannah Haney, late of Cumberland Valley Township, deceased.

The account of Philip Evans, Guardian of Harrison Evans, of Monroe Township.

The accounts of Jacob Kifer and David Boyer Executors of the last will and of Christian Winebrenner, late of Middle Woodberry Township, deceased.

The account of Simon Karn and Jeremiah Wiecht, Executors and the last will and of Charles Weicht, late of West Providence Township, deceased.

Register's Office, } SAMUEL H. TATE,
Bedford Oct., 15th 1858 } Register.


## New Goods

JUST RECEIVED AT REED & MINNICH'S.

*A FINE ASSORTMENT*

of new and desirable Fall and Winter goods, comprising Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Jeans, &c.,

Ladies Dress Goods Coburgs Marinoe Francaise, Lyonese Cloths, Mous. DeLains Calicoes, and an Extra article of Black Silk.

**BOOTS & SHOES,**

a very supreme article.

ALSO GROCERIES

Sugar, Coffee, Syrups, Molasses, Adamantine Candles, a prime article of chewing Tobacco all of which will be sold cheap for cash or produce.

## SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Fi. Fa., to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, on Monday, the 15th day of November, 1858, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, to wit:

One tract of land, containing 90 acres more or less, about 60 acres cleared and under fence, with a two log house, with kitchen attached, and double log barn thereon erected; also, an apple orchard thereon; adjoining lands of Castleton Ake, William Griffith, Isaac Corle and others; situate in Union tp., Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Adam Corle.

Also—One tract of land, containing 75 acres more or less, about 10 acres cleared and under fence; adjoining lands of Rudolph Hoover, Peter Stem, Philip Croft and others; situate in Middle Woodberry township, Bedford county, and taken in exection as the property of Edward Pearson.

Also—All of one of the Defendants' right, title, interest and claim in and to one tract of land, containing 35 acres, more or less; about 12 acres cleared and under fence, with two log dwelling houses, frame stable, and a three story frame grist mill thereon erected, adjoining lands of Samuel Beckley, Jacob Miller and others; situate in St. Clair township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Adam Easter.

Also—All of Defendant's right, title, interest and claim in and to a lot of ground in the borough of Bedford, fronting 60 feet on the north side of Pitt Street, and extending back about 200 feet, and numbered in the general plan of said Borough as No. 188 and having thereon a two story log house, with back building attached, and three small frame shops thereon, adjoining lot of John Alsip on the east, and occupied by John Funk's heirs on the west; situate in said Borough of Bedford, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Christopher Riley.

Also—All Defendant's right, title, interest and claim in and to one tract of land, containing 271 acres, more or less; about 80 acres cleared and under fence, with two log dwelling houses and double log barn thereon erected; also, an apple orchard thereon; adjoining lands of Geo. Rice, Samuel Wilkinson, Reuben O'Neal and others; situate in Monroe township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of John Gilliam.

Also—One tract of land containing 30 acres, more or less, about 25 acres cleared and under fence, with a log house and log stable thereon erected; adjoining lands of Wm. B. Bequeath, Henry O'Neal, Joel Clark and others; situate in Monroe township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Solomon Kegg.

Also—All Defendants right, title, interest and claim, in and to one tract of land, containing 160 acres, more or less; about 70 acres cleared and under fence, with two log dwelling houses and log barn thereon erected; also, an apple orchard thereon; adjoining lands of George Smouse, Jacob Barndollar and others; situate in Snake Spring township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of John Koontz.

Also—One tract of land containing 250 acres, more or less, about 100 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story frame house, with kitchen attached, and bank barn and other out-buildings thereon erected; also, some fruit trees thereon; adjoining lands of John Mill's heirs, Alexander Fletcher, Jacob C. Boor and others; situate in Monroe township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Michael Miller.

Also—One tract of land containing 157 acres more or less; about 70 acres cleared and under fence, with a log house and log barn thereon erected; adjoining lands of Nathan Robison, Anthony Smith, Samuel Jay and others; situate in Monroe township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Michael Miller.

Also—One tract of land containing 4 acres, more or less, all cleared and under fence; adjoining lands of John Cashman, Jacob Cashman and the heirs of Dr. Peter Snowberger, on the South and West.

Also—All Defendant's right, title, interest and claim, in and to one tract of land containing 121 acres, more or less, all cleared and under fence; adjoining lands of Jacob Carper and heirs of Dr. Peter Shomberger and other, and all situate in Middle Woodberry township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of John W. Duncan.

WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Bedford, Oct 22, '58.

### COURT PROCLAMATION.

*To the Coroner, the Justices of the Peace, and Constables in the different Townships in the County of Bedford, Greeting.*

KNOW YE that in pursuance of a precept to me directed, under the hand and seal of the Hon. FRANCIS M. KIMMELL, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the Sixteenth District, consisting of the counties of Franklin, Bedford, Somerset and Fulton, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery for the trial of capital and other offenders therein and in the General Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace; and JOHN G. HARTLEY and A. J. SNIVELY, Esqs., Judges of the same Court, in the same County of Bedford, You and each of you are hereby required to be and appear in your proper persons with your Records, Recognizances, Examinations, and other remembrances before the Judges aforesaid, at Bedford, at a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace therein to be holden for the county of Bedford, aforesaid, on the 3d Monday of November (being the 15th day,) at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day there and then to do those things to which your several offices appertain.

GIVEN under my hand at Bedford, on the 23d day of October, in the year of our Lord 1858.

WILLIAM S. FLUKE, *Sheriff.*

### PUBLIC SALE OF
## Real Estate.

THERE will be sold at the late residence of William Mallon, dec'd, on Wednesday, the 24th day of NOVEMBER, next, the following described REAL ESTATE, to wit: A TRACT OF LAND containing 121 acres, situate one mile from the Borough of Bedford, adjoining lands of John Amos, George Weidel, Job Mann and others, of which about 80 acres are cleared, part good meadow, the balance timber land, having thereon a

*Log House, Log Barn and sundry out buildings,* a young orchard of choice fruit trees, and several springs of never failing water.

One third of the purchase money to be paid in hand, 1st April, next, and the remainder in two equal annual payments thereafter, with interest and to be secured by judgments.

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock on said day.

JOB MANN,
Executor.

Bedford, Oct 22, 1858.

## SOLD OUT!

THE undersigned having disposed of his entire stock of goods, begs leave to notify all persons knowing themselves indebted to him either by Note or Book account to call and settle before the first of January, 1859. All neglecting to do so, their accounts will be left in the hands of an officer for collection.

Oct. 22, 1858. G. W. RUPP.

### *ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.*

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Bedford county, upon the estate of William Nycum, late of Monroe township, deceased—all persons, therefore, indebted to said estate, will please make immediate payment, and those having claims against it, will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN NYCUM,
Administrator.

Oct. 22, 1858.

SWAIN'S PANACEA,
at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.
[july 30, '58.]

OHIO FIRE PROOF PAINT,
cheap, durable and pretty, already ground at Hartley's. (j18,'58.

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of test. vend. exp. to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the town of Bedford, on Saturday, the 6th day of November, A. D. 1858, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following property, to wit: all defendant's right, title and interest, in and to one lot of ground in the town of Stonerstown, fronting 124 feet on main street and extending back 220 feet to an alley, with a story and a half frame house, store house, log shop, log stable and slaughter house thereon erected, adjoining lot of Daniel B. Long, on the South and an alley on the North, situate in Liberty township, Bedford county.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of David S. Berkstresser, and to be sold for cash.

Sheriff's Office, Bedford, } WM. S. FLUKE.
Oct. 22, '58. } Sheriff.

LIST of causes put down for trial at November Term (15th day,) 1858.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| John Shreeve | v | Joseph Hixon |
| Dean & Tricker | v | Flemming and Wiley |
| H & B R T & P Road Co | v | Patrick Leddy |
| Ebben Pennell | v | A R Crane et al |
| Benj Mahony et al | v | Solomon Sponsler |
| Martin Helsel | v | Mary Barley |
| Wm C Logan Esq | v | D H Hofius Esq |
| Levi Hardinger | v | C C Morgart |
| John Weimer | v | James Carneil |
| Wm Border's use | v | John Taylor et al |
| John Weimer's use | v | James Carneil |
| David Helsel | v | John Long et al |
| Maria McEldowny | v | Samuel Williams |
| Lewis Johnson | v | Amos Robinett et al |
| D. John Geltz | v | Barndollar & Ashcom |
| John May | v | Geo Troutman et al |
| John S Hetrick | v | Charles Smith |
| Joseph Barley | v | Jackson Stuckey, |
| Joseph Fuller | v | Lawrence Jamison |
| T McCauley & Co | v | John Davidson & Co |
| G D Trout | v | John Feaster |
| John C Rahm | v | Hopewell Coal & Iron Co |
| Joseph Bergess | v | Wm Kiser et al |

S H TATE, Proth'y.

Proth'y Office, Bedford, Oct. 22, '58.

ELECTION NOTICE.—The Stockholders of the Hopewell and Bloody Run Plank and Turnpike Road Company, are hereby notified that an election for President and Managers of said road, for the ensuing year, will be held at the Court House, in Bedford, on Monday, the 1st day of November, next, at two o'clock, P. M.

JOHN MOWER,
Oct., 22, 1858. Sec'y.

### Overland California Mail Route!
### NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

*J. & J. M. SHOEMAKER*

HAVE just received a large assortment of FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

consisting in part of calicoes from 6¼ cents to 12½ cents per yard, Delaines, Coburgs, Parmetta Cloths, black and fancy silks, Merinoes, Plaids, Flannels. A large assortment of Shawls of all colors and prices, Swiss Cambricks, Dress Trimmings, Ribbons, Shirts and Drawers, bleached and unbleached Muslins of all prices & widths, Cloths and Cassimeres, Satinetts, Jeans, Tweeds, and in fact every thing generally in country stores. Also, a large assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS CAPS,

Comforts, Cravats. Also, Queensware, Hardware, Buckets, Groceries of all kinds, with a general assortment of spices, &c. We invite all to call and see our stock of goods for we are determined to sell to suit the times for cash or approved produce.

Oct 29, 1858.

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

## *MRS. S. E. POTTS*

HAS just returned from the cities with a large and handsome stock of

*FALL AND WINTER GOODS,*

elegant rich Dress Silks, Valentia Robes, French Merino, Thibet cloths, Delaines, all colors, Shawls of every description and all prices, bought low at auction. Also, a large and handsome assortment of Furs, Victorines, Capes, Cuffs and Muffs, Bonnets of all kinds, Velvet, Satin, Brown, Silk, Grey and Brown Straw trimmed and untrimmed. Also, an endless assortment of ribbons, feathers, flowers and rushes, gloves and hosiery, boots and shoes, and a full assortment of every kind of fancy goods.

N. B. Country milliners can be supplied with all kinds of millinery goods.

Oct. 22, 1858.

## LADIES'
### FANCY STORE.

The undersigned, thankful for the past favors of the public, respectfully begs leave to inform the ladies, that she has on hand a large assortment of LADIES' FASHIONABLE DRESS GOODS, such as Silks, De Laines, Thibet Cloths, Prints, also Linens, Muslins, Cloaks, Shawls, Bonnets, Ribbons, Rouches, Ladies' Best Kid Gloves, Hose, Children's Hose, French Embroidery, French and English Crapes, Zephyrs, Shetland Wool, Velvet Trimmings, Hoops, Sack Flannels, Wool Delaines, &c., &c. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

M. E. FETTERLY.

Bedford, Oct. 22d, 1858.

## CASH AND PRODUCE STORE!
### HILLEGAS and HOWRY,

*Merchants, at Buena Vista, Bedford co., Pa.*

WOULD announce to their friends and customers that they have replenished their former stock by an additional supply of Fall and Winter GOODS of all kinds, which they intend selling *very low for cash or country produce.*

*GIVE THEM A CALL.*

N. B. Merchantable produce taken in payment for store debts.

Buena Vista, Oct., 15, 1858.

### *ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.*

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the subscriber on the estate of Timas O'Neal, late of West Providence township, dec'd—all persons indebted to said estate, are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same are requested to present them, duly authenticated for settlement.

JONATHAN SNYDER.
Adm'r of Hinas O'Neal, dec'd.

Oct. 15, 1858.

### *LOOK OUT—LAST NOTICE!*

WE hereby notify all persons indebted to us by note or book account, that they must either confess judgment, or pay their accounts by next Court, or all will be sued without respect to persons. This notice is positively the last.

BLYMIRE & HARTLEY.

Oct. 22, '58.

### *TURNPIKE ELECTION.*

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Pattonsville & Woodberry Turnpike Road Company, that an election will be held at the house of William Pearson, in Woodberry, on Monday, the 1st day of November, next, between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing officers for said Company.

G. R. BARNDOLLAR,
Oct., 22, 1858. President.

JAYNE'S WRIGHTS,
Bennett's and Dyott's Pills at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store. [july 30, '58.]

**Bedford County, ss.**

AT an Orphans Court held at Bedford, in and for the County of Bedford, on the 30th day of August, A. D. 1858, before the Judges of the said Court.

On motion of John Mower, Esq., the Court grant a rule upon the heirs and legal representatives of Mrs. Sophia Mower, late of Colerain Township, dec'd, to wit: Eliza, intermarried with Elijah Weaver, residing in the State of Ohio, Rebecca, intermarried with Joshua Filler, residing in Bedford County, Nancy intermarried with Jacob Moss, residing in Wood County, Ohio, Sarah intermarried with Emanuel. J. Diehl, and Elizabeth, intermarried with Levi Kegg, residing in Bedford County Pa., to be and appear at an Orphans Court, to be held at Bedford, in and for said County, on the 3d Monday, fifteenth day, of November, next, to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said deceased, at the valuation which has been valued and appraised, or show cause why the same should not be sold by order of the said Court.

[L. S.] In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said Court, at Bedford, the first day of Sept. A. D. 1858.

SAMUEL. H. TATE,
Clerk.

Attest,
WM. S. FLUKE. Sheriff.

**Bedford County, ss**

AT an Orphans Court held at Bedford, in and for Bedford County, on the 30th day of August A. D. 1858—Before the Judges of the said County.

On motion of G. H. Spang Esq., the Court grant a rule upon the heirs and legal representatives of Michael Putt, late of Liberty township, in said County, dec'd, to wit: Jacob, since dead, having conveyed his share to Wm. Figart, Samuel, residing in Illinois, Catharine, intermarried with the petitioner, Wm. Figart, Wm. Putt, Elizabeth, intermarried with Henry Savits, Mary, intermarried with George Russell, Joseph Putt, Rossana intermarried with David Russel, Sarah, and Susan Putt, the last named yet in minority, residing in Bedford County, Penn'a, to be and appear at an Orphans Court to be held at Bedford, in and for said County, on the 3d Monday, 15th day of November, next, to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said Michael Putt, dec'd, at the valuation, which has been valued and appraised, or show cause why the same should not be sold by order of the said Court.

[L. S.] In testimony whereof I have set my hand and affixed the seal of said Court, at Bedford, the 1st day of Sept. A. D. 1858.

SAMUEL H. TATE
Clerk.

Attest,
WM. S. FLUKE. Sheriff.
Oct. 1, 1858.

## PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the undersigned will expose to public sale on the premises on SATURDAY, the 6th day of November, next, the real estate of James Weimer, late of Monroe township dec'd, viz: the mansion farm of said dec'd, containing 44¾ ACRES and 64 PERCHES, with double Log house and Barn thereon erected—adjoining lands of Andrew Irons, Michael Hevner, Nathan Grubb and others.

TERMS: One third to remain in the property during the widow's life, the interest thereon to be paid her annually. One third at the confirmation of sale and the balance in two equal annual payments without interest.

MAHALA WEIMER,
Sep. 10, '58 4t Administratrix.

## A GOOD HOUSE & LOT FOR SALE.

THE subscriber wishes to sell his house and lot in Buena Vista, Juniata Township, Bedford county, on which are erected a good TWO STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, well finished, an excellent FRAME STABLE, a good shop well calculated for a shoemaker or tailor—also, a well of good water in the back yard, and always plenty of water in the cellar.

This property is a very desirable one, being well calculated for a business man, it being in a good neighborhood. Buena Vista wants another store, a good wagon maker, shoemaker and tailor. ☞Any person wishing to purchase such property, at a low price, will address the subscriber at Buena Vista. If sold, possession given this Fall.

NICHOLAS KEGG.

Aug. 20, 1858-tf.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF
## VALUABLE
## REAL ESTATE.

THE undersigned executor of the last Will & Testament of Abraham Burket, late of Union township, Bedford county, dec'd, will sell on the premises, on THURSDAY, the 4th DAY OF NOVEMBER, next, the following real estate, to wit:

TRACT No. 1, being the "MANSION PLACE," of decedent, CONTAINING 150 ACRES and 100 Perches and allowance. The improvements are a LOG HOUSE and LOG BARN, 55 acres cleared and under fence—apple orchard on the premises; adjoining lands of John King on the North West and South Abr'm Croyle on the South-East and Samuel Burket on the East.

No. 2, containing 81 ACRES and 100 Perches and allowance, 32 acres cleared and under fence, adjoining tracts No. 1 and 3.

No. 3, containing 150 ACRES and 60 Perches and allowance, LOG HOUSE and LOG BARN thereon erected, 41 acres cleared; adjoining lands of Henry Corle and Chaar's heirs on the West, lands of Sarah Furnace on the North and Samuel Burket on the South-East.

No. 4, containing 19 ACRES, (unimproved) being well timbered and adjoining lands of Valentine Stiffler, on the South, Joseph Corle on the North, Astley and Pratt's survey on the North West.

The above described lands lie in Union township, Bedford county, Pa., and are all of good quality.

☞Terms made known on day of sale.

FREDERICK STIFFLER,
Oct., 8, 1858. Executor.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF

**Valuable Real Estate for Sale;**

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the subscriber will sell at public sale at the house of Peter Amick, in St. Clairsville, on FRIDAY, the 29th, day of OCTOBER, inst., the following real estate, to wit: ONE TRACT OF LAND, late the property of Philip Crissman, dec'd, containing 200 ACRES and 95 PERCHES, known as the "Riddle" or "Mock" tract situate in Union township, and adjoining lands of John Ake, Jacob Oster, Peter Smith and others.

ALSO—ONE TRACT OF LAND containing 421 ACRES and 49 PERCHES, in said township, adjoining lands of George Beegle, John Ake, Daniel Wentz and others.

The first tract named has been divided into six parts, five parts thereof containing about ten acres each, and the sixth about 150 acres.

The second tract has been divided into seven parts, and both tracts will be sold in such separate parts, or all together to suit purchasers.

TERMS:—Two-ninths of the purchase money, after paying expenses to remain in the hands of the purchaser during the lifetime of Jacob Oster, he paying the interest thereof annually to the said Oster.—One half of the balance in hand at confirmation of sale, and the residue in two equal annual payments without interest to be secured by judgment bonds.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A., M.

JOHN CESSNA,
Trustee for sale of the real estate Philip Crisman.

Oct. 8, 1858.

STRAY STEER.

CAME trespassing on the premises of the subscriber in Juniata township, Bedford county, the 1st of August last, a *red steer* with a white streak on his back and the right ear cropped, a nick cut out of each ear, supposed to be 4 years old—no other marks. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or else he will be disposed of as the law directs.

JOHN CORLEY.

Oct. 22, 1858.

## *Iron City College*

### Iron City Commercial College.

PITTSBURG, PA. CHARTERED 1855.

300 STUDENTS ATTENDING JANUARY, 1858.

Now the largest and most thorough Commercial School of the United States. Young men prepared for actual duties of the Counting Room.

J C SMITH, A M., Prof. of Book-keeping and Science of Accounts.

A T DOUTHETT, Teacher of Arithmetic and Commercial Calculation.

J A DEYDRICK and T C JENKINS, Teachers of Book-keeping.

A COWLEY and W A Miller, Profs. of Penmanship.

SINGLE AND DOUBLE ENTRY BOOK-KEEPING,

As used in every department of business.

COMMERCIAL ARITHMETIC—RAPID BUSINESS WRITING—DETECTING COUNTERFEIT MONEY—MERCANTILE CORRESPONDENCE

COMMERCIAL LAW—

Are taught, and all other subjects necessary for the success and thorough education of a practical business man.

**12 Premiums.**

Drawn all the premiums in Pittsburg for the past three years, also in Eastern and Western Cities for best Writing,

NOT ENGRAVED WORK.

*Important Information.—Students enter at* any time—No vacation—Time unlimited—Review at pleasure—Graduates assisted in obtaining situations—Tuition for full Commercial Course, $35.00—Average time 8 to 12 weeks—Board $2.50 per week—Stationary, 6.00—Entire cost, $60.00 to $70.00.

☞Ministers, sons received at half price.

For Card—Circular—Specimens of Business and Ornamental Writing—inclose two stamps, and address F W JENKINS, Pittsburg, Pa.

Sep 3, 1858-1y

## SHOE STORE!

### Ferguson & Co.,

HAVE just opened their new Store in "Anderson's Row" of buildings, nearly opposite the *Gazette* Office.

Their stock of Boots and Shoes for men, women and children, is certainly the best and cheapest that has ever been brought to Bedford, for three reasons.

First:—On account of the pressure of the times, they have been laid in at 30 cents on the dollar less than what was paid last year for the same goods.

Second:—They were bought for CASH, and the usual discounts made.

Third:—They were bought in much larger quantities than dry goods merchants buy them, and consequently were bought much lower.

If this is doubted, the evidence is on the stand at the counter.

LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

The store room has been so arranged as to have a separate apartment for the Ladies, provided with comfortable chairs and stools where they can sit and talk, or buy shoes as they please.

*Pickles and Fruits.*

In connection with the shoe business, all kinds of Pickles, Fruits and Preserves will be kept, including Pine Apple, Peach, Strawberries, Cherries, Brandy Peaches, Catsups, Mixed Pickles, Lobsters, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

The best, and most general assortment of Tobacco and Cigars, will be kept constantly on hand.

As there is no store of this kind kept in this county, the proprietors are determined to keep it right, and sell at the lowest living profits.

A. FERGUSON & CO.

## *Bedford Foundry for Sale.*

—The subscribers will offer at private sale until Tuesday, the 16th day of November, next, and if not then disposed of, will on that day sell at public outcry, on the premises—all the fixtures belonging to their Foundry, embracing a good SIX HORSE STEAM ENGINE, FAN CUPOLA, two Lathes, together with a variety of Patterns for Threshing Machines, Stoves, Ploughs, Saw and Grist Mill gearing, &c., &c., and flasks for the same sufficient to do almost any kind of work usually done in a country establishment.

A good business has heretofore been done in this establishment, and it being the only Foundry in Bedford makes it a desirable opening to any person wishing to engage in the business.

TERMS will be made to suit purchasers.

D. WASHABAUGH
Oct. 1, '58. MICHAEL BANNON.

NOTICE.

GEO. B. AMICK, surviving partner of the late firm of Geo. B. Amick & Bro., notifies all persons interested, that the Books of said firm are in his hands for settlement, and that circumstances demand an immediate closing up of the business of said firm. Persons indebted, or having settlements to make, are therefore requested to call on the subscriber without delay.

The subscriber will continue the Mercantile Business at the "OLD STAND," where he will be happy to meet his friends and customers at all times. He will receive in a very short time a new supply of seasonable goods, which he is determined to sell on the most reasonable terms.

St. Clairsville, June 11, '58. GEO. B. AMICK.

*TEACHERS WANTED.*

THE Board of Directors of Bedford township, School District, wish to employ a sufficient number of Teachers, competent to take charge of the Schools of said District, the Schools to open about the first of Nov., next.

Oct, 8, 1858. JOHN BROWN, Secretary.

STOVES, TIN AND COPPER WARE!

—My friends and the public in general, are hereby informed that I now have and shall continue to keep on hand, a large stock of almost every size and pattern of cooking stoves, parlor stoves and coal stoves. Also, copper and brass kettles, tin and sheet iron ware, common and Russia stove pipe, fire boards, and tin ware of all kind made out of the very best I and 2 X tin plate.

Spouting made to order of the best double tin plate, and put up by MR. JOHN LINDERMAN, who as a workman has no superior in the county. I would also call the attention of the public to a new article of self-sealing fruit cans, the best that has yet been offered.

Stove blacking constantly on hand.

All persons in want of any of the above articles will please call at the Old Stand, of the subscriber, in Bedford, where they can buy on reasonable terms. Old copper, brass, pewter and country produce taken in exchange for work.

GEO. BLYMIRE.

Bedford, aug. 27, '58.-3m.

*ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.*

LETTERS of administration having been granted by the Register of Bedford county, to the undersigned upon the estate of Henry Reininger, late of St. Clair township, in said county, deceased,—all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against it will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ANNA REININGER, adm'rx.

PICKLING VINEGAR.—Pure Cider Vinegar—just received also Extra quality mould candles, at A. B. CRAMER & CO.

☞See advertisement of Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator, in another column.

☞*All wanting to emigrate to a mild climate, good soil, and fine markets, see advertisement of Hammonton Lands.*

THE HAMMONTON FARMER.—A newspaper devoted to Literature and Agriculture, also setting forth full accounts of the new settlements of Hammonton, in New Jersey, can be subscribed for at only 25 cts. per annum.

Inclose postage stamps for the amount. Address to Editor of the Farmer, Hammonton, Atlantic Co. New Jersey. Those wishing cheap land, of the best quality, in one of the healthiest and most delightful climates in the Union, see advestisement of Hammonton Lands.

FARM LANDS FOR SALE 25 MILES FROM PHILADELPHIA—by Railroad in the State of New Jersey. Soil among the best for Agricultural purposes being a good loam soil, with a clay bottom. The land is a large tract, divided into small farms, and hundreds from all parts of the country are now settling and building. The crops can be seen growing. Terms from $15 to 20 per acre, payable within four years by instalments. To visit the place—Leave Vine St. Wharf at Phila. at 7½ A. M. by Railroad for Hammonton, or address R. J. Byrnes, by letter. See full advertisement in another column.

## SHRIVER BROTHERS,

PRODUCE & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

376 Baltimore Street, Baltimore,

SOLICIT CONSIGNMENTS OF BUTTER, Lard, Flour, Bacon, Leather, Wool, Ginseng, Snake Root, Beeswax, Feathers, and every description of country Produce.

A long business experience enables us to assure our friends that the best possible disposition will be made of anything entrusted to our care for sale.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

The partnership heretofore existing under the name and firm of Colvin & Robison, in the mercantile business has been this day dissolved by mutual consent.

All persons indebted to the late firm are requested to call and settle their accounts.

J. E. COLVIN.
J. M. ROBISON.

Schellsburg, Oct. 8, 1858.

The subscriber, will continue the business at the old stand, where he has received a new supply of Fall and Winter goods, which he will sell very low for cash or produce.

J. E. COLVIN.

J. W. SCOTT.

*(Late of the firm of Winchester & Scott.)*

**Gentlemen's Furnishing Store and**

SHIRT MANUFACTORY,

*No. 814 Chestnut Street,*

(Nearly opposite the GIRARD HOUSE,)

*PHILADELPHIA.*

J. W. SCOTT, would respectfully call the attention of his former friends to his new Store, and is prepared to fill orders for SHIRTS at short notice. A perfect fit guarantied. COUNTRY TRADE supplied with FINE SHIRTS and COLLARS.

October, 8, 1858-1y.

## FOR SALE, OR TRADE.

—A Farm within one mile of the Rail Road and two miles of Stonerstown, in the Broad Top Coal region, containing about 160 acres, being good bottom land—about one-half cleared and the balance well timbered. The farm is well improved, and a fine spring of excellent water at the door of the house—also two good orchards of fruit trees on the premises.

ALSO,

A farm in Morrison's cove, adjoining lands of David Stuckey, Barley's heirs, Jacob Furry and others, containing about 200 acres, one half cleared and the balance well timbered, with an abundance of locust and chestnut timber. There are several never failing springs upon the premises with a constanty stream running through the farm. There is also a large and thrifty young orchard bearing fruit thereon. The improvements are a rough cast House, Log Barn and out buildings.

ALSO,

160 acres of land in Dallas County, Iowa.

ALSO,

320 acres of land in Montgomery County, Iowa.

ALSO,

320 acres of land in Harrison County, Iowa.

ALSO

Lot no 8 of block 53 in the city of Omaha, Nebraska Territory.

All near the Rail Roads and presenting good opportunities for investments.

O. E. SHANNON.

DR. W. H. WITMOR, OF LANCASTER, (formerly of Philadelphia,) where he has been in successful practice for a number of years, received his education at the best Medical College in the U. States and had the experience and practice in the different Hospitals for several years, a member of the Analytical Medical Institute of N. York, and late Medical Surgeon of the United States Navy, now offers himself to the public to attend any professional calls.

The purest medicines always on hand direct from the best Laboratories of our country, and the Botanical Gardens of the world. No patent medicines prescribed or recommended. Medicines used only which will not break down the constitution, but will renovate the system from all injuries it has sustained from mineral medicines. Chronic and difficult diseases must be treated upon analytical principles, which is to know and ascertain what disease is. Its nature and character require a knowledge of the chemical constituents of every solid and fluid of the human body; the changes those solids and fluids are capable of undergoing. To know what medicines to employ to cure diseases, requires a knowledge of the chemical constituents of all agents employed in medicine; and if we are in possession of this knowledge, it is possible to cure any disease—no matter of how long standing—and leave the patient in a healthy and perfectly cured condition.

Melancholy, Aberration, or that state of alienation and weakness of the mind which renders persons incapable of enjoying the pleasures or performing the duties of life; Dyspepsia, that distressing disease and fell destroyer of health and happiness, undermining the constitution, and yearly carrying thousands to untimely graves, can most emphatically be cured. Rheumatism, in any form or condition, chronic or acute, warranted curable; Epilepsy or falling sickness; all chronic and stubborn diseases of Females radically removed. Salt Rheum, and every description of ulcerations; Piles and Scrofulous Diseases, which have baffled all previous medical skill can be cured by my treatment, when the constitution is not exhausted.

I do say all diseases (yes, *Consumption*) can be cured.

☞*CANCER CURED* without the knife.

I will remain in my office on Wednesdays and Saturdays, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 P. M., to accommodate patients from a distance, and consult in the English and German languages. Will make visits to any distance if required. May be addressed by letter, Fulton square, Lancaster city, Pa.

july 30,'58-1y. W. H. WITMOR, M. D.

P. S. See in local column my appointment to visit Bedford on the 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th, days of August, to consult with patients on all diseases free of charge. W. H. WITMOR.

PURE WHITE LEAD, FLAXSEED OIL and Spirits Turpentine, at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store. [july 30, '58.]

LUMBER FOR SALE.—White and Yellow Pine Boards, Plastering and Shingling Lath and bills furnished to order by

REED & MINNICH.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL and Jayne's Expectorant, at Dr. Harry's Drug tore. [july 30, 1858.]

THE
## Liver Invigorator.

PREPARED BY DR. SANFORD,

COMPOUNDED ENTIRELY FROM GUMS,

*Is one of the best purgative and liver medicines* now before the public, that acts as a *Cathartic*, easier, milder, and more effectual than any other medicine known. It is not only a Cathartic, but a Liver remedy, acting first on the Liver to eject its morbid matter, then on the stomach and bowels to carry off that matter, thus accomplishing two purposes effectually, without any of the painful feelings experienced in the operations of most Cathartics. It strengthens the system at the same time that it purges it; and when taken daily in moderate doses, will strenthen and build it up with unusual rapidity.

The LIVER is one of the principal regulators of the human body; and when it performs its functions well, the powers of the system are fully developed. The stomach is at fault, dependent on the healthy action of the Liver for the proper performance of its functions; and the stomach and bowels are at fault, when the bowels are at fault, the whole system suffers in consequence of one organ—the *Liver*—having ceased to do its duty. For the diseases of that organ, one of the proprietors has made it his study, in a practice of more than twenty years, to find some remedy where- with to counteract the many derangements to which it is liable.

To prove that this remedy is at last found, any person troubled with Liver Complaint, in any of its forms, has but to a bottle, and conviction is certain.

These Gums remove all morbid or bad matter from the system, supplying in their place a healthy flow of bile, invigorating the stomach, causing food to digest well, purifying the blood, giving tone and health to the whole machinery, removing the cause of the disease—effecting a radical cure.

Billious attacks are cured, and what is better, prevented, by the occasional use of the Liver Invigorator.

One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach and prevent the food from rising and souring.

Only one dose taken at night, loosens the bowels gently, and cures Costiveness.

One dose taken after each meal will cure Dyspepsie. ☞One dose of two teaspoonfulls will always relieve Sick Headache.

One bottle taken for female obstruction, removes the cause of the disease and makes a perfect cure. Only one dose immediately relieves Cholic while one dose often repeated is a sure cure for Cholera Morbus and a preventive of Cholera.

☞Only one bottle is needed to throw out of the system the effects of medicine after a long sickness. One bottle taken for Jaundice removes all sallowness or unnatural color from the skin.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite, and makes food digest well.—One dose often repeated cures, Chronic Diarrhœa, in its worst forms, while Summer and Bowel complaints yield almost to the first dose. One or two doses cures attacks caused by Worms in Children; there is no surer, safer, or speedier remedy in the world, as it never fails.

☞A few bottles cures Dropsy, by exciting the absorbents.

We take pleasure in recommending this medicine as a preventive for Fever and Ague, Chill Fever and all Fevers of a Billious Type. It operates with certainty, and thousands are willing to testify to its wonderful virtues. All who use it are giving their unanimous testimony in its favor.

☞MIX WATER IN THE MOUTH WITH THE INVIGORATOR, and swallow both together.

THE LIVER INVIGORATOR

*Is a scientific medical discovery,* and is daily working cures, almost too great to believe. It cures as if by magic, even the first dose giving benefit, and seldom more than one bottle is required to cure any kind of Liver Complaint, from the worst Jaundice or Dyspepsia to a common Headache, all of which are the result of a Diseased Liver.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

DR. SANFORD, Proprietor 315 Broadway, N. Y.

For sale at the Drug Store of Dr. B F Harry, Bedford, Pa.

May 14, 1858.

JOY TO THE ADMIRERS OF
A FINE HEAD OF
RICH GLOSSY HAIR.

Talk of beauty, and it cannot exist without a fine head of hair, then read the following, and if you ask more, see circular around each bottle, and no one can doubt.

*Professor Wood's Hair Restorative.*—We call the attention of all, old and young, to this wonderful preparation, which turns back to its original color, gray hair—covers the head of the bald with a luxuriant growth—removes the dandruff, itching, and all cutaneous eruptions—causes a continual flow of the natural fluids; and hence, if used as a regular dressing for the hair will preserve its color, and keep it from falling to extreme old age, in all its natural beauty. We call then upon the bald, the grey, or diseased in scalp, to use it; and surely the young will not, as they value the flowing locks, or the witching curl, ever be without it. Its praise is upon the tongue of thousands.

The Agent for Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative in New Haven, received the following letter in regard to the Restorative, a few weeks since:

DEEP RIVER, Con., July 23, 1858.

Mr. Levenworth—Sir: I have been troubled with dandruff or scurf on my head for more than a year, my hair began to come out, scurf and hair together, I saw in a New Haven paper about "Wood's Hair Restorative" as a cure. I called at your store on the 1st of April last, and purchased one bottle to try it, and I found to my satisfaction it was the thing, it removed the scurf and new hair began to grow; it is now two or three inches in length where it was all off. I have great faith in it. I wish you to send me two bottles more by Mr. Post, the bearer of this.—I don't know as any of the kind is used in this place, you may have a market for many bottles after it is known here. Yours with respect,

RUFUS PRATT.

PHILA., Sept., 9, 1857.

Prof. Wood—Dear Sir: Your Hair Restorative is proving itself beneficial to me. The front, and also the back part of my head almost lost its covering—in fact had. I have used but two half pint bottles of your Restorative, and now the top of my head is well studded with a promising crop of young hair, and the front is also receiving its benefit. I have tried other preparations without any benefit whatever. I think from my own personal recommendation I can induce many others to try it.

Yours respectfully, D. R. THOMAS, M. D.
No. 464 Vine street.

VINCENNES, IA., June 22, 1856.

Prof. O. J. Wood: As you are about to manufacture and vend your recently discovered Hair Restorative, I will state, for whomsoever it may concern, that I have used it and known others to use it—that I have, for several years, been in the habit of using, other Hair Restoratives, and that I find yours vastly superior to any other I know. It entirely cleanses the head of dandruff, and with one month's proper use will restore any person's hair to the original youthful color and texture, giving it a healthy, soft and glossy appearance; and all this, without discoloring the hands that apply it, or the dress on which it drops. I would, therefore, recommend its use to every one desirous of having a fine color and texture to hair. Respectfully yours,

WILSON KING.

O. J. WOOD & Co., 212 Broadway, New York (in the great New York Wire Railing Establisment, and 114 Market street, St. Louis, M.

And sold by all Druggists.

For sale at the Drug Store of Dr. B F Harry, Bedford, Pa.

May 14, 1858.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL whom it may concern, that I have bought of Wm. Lash

"FIRE RISKS ONLY TAKEN."

## Girard

Fire and Marine Insurance Company,

Philadelphia.

CAPITAL $200,000.

DIRECTORS.

| | |
|---|---|
| WM M SWAIN, of Public Ledger. | |
| JOHN ANSPACH, Jr., | GEO. W. WOODWARD |
| H. N. BURROUGHS, | JNO. W. CLAGHORN, |
| J. B. HUGHES, | WM C REDMAN, |
| WM S. BOYD, | C D SHOEMAKER, |
| JER. WALKER, | THO. CRAVEN. |
| FRANCIS PETERS, | H R COGGSHALL. |
| JNO. McCLURE, | JOSEPH KLAPP, M D. |

Hon. JOEL JONES, President.
A S GILLET, Vice President.
JOHN S McMULLIN, Secretary.
JAS. B. ALVORD, Assistant Secretary.

☞All claims hitherto presented against this Company, properly audited and adjusted, *have been paid.* The "Girard" is not a "Mutual" Company. Persons insuring in it need only pay the premium on their Policy, no assessment being made upon them in case of losses by the Company.

BENFORD & MEYERS,
Agents for Bedford county.

April 23, 1858.

PUBLIC SALE OF

# REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county; the undersigned will sell at public sale, on the premises, in Bedford township, on *Friday, the 5th day of November,* next, all the following described Real Estate, to wit: A Tract of Land with GRIST-MILL and DWELLING HOUSE, thereon erected, containing 41 ACRES and 28 PERCHES and allowance—also 2¼ acres of meadow ground, adjoining lands of John Holderbaum's heirs, John S. Ritchey and others.

Terms:—cash, at confirmation of sale.

DANIEL HELSEL.
adm'r of the estate of Jacob Helsel, dec'd.

Sep. 17, 1858.

# Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

A compound remedy, in which we have labored to produce the most effectual alterative that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alterative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove of immense service to this large class of our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found of the following complaints: —

SCROFULA AND SCROFULOUS COMPLAINTS, ERUPTIONS AND ERUPTIVE DISEASES, ULCERS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, TUMORS, SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, SYPHILIS AND SYPHILITIC AFFECTIONS, MERCURIAL DISEASE, DROPSY, NEURALGIA OR TIC DOULOUREUX, DEBILITY, DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION, ERYSIPELAS, ROSE OR ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the foul humors which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them many rankling disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcerous sores, through which the system will strive to rid itself of corruptions, if not assisted to do this through the natural channels of the body by an alterative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even where no particular disorder is felt, people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with this pabulum of life disordered, there can be no lasting health. Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or overthrown.

Sarsaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputation of accomplishing these ends. But the world has been egregiously deceived by preparations of it, partly because the drug alone has not all the virtue that is claimed for it, but more because many preparations, pretending to be concentrated extracts of it, contain but little of the virtue of Sarsaparilla, or any thing else.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter and painful disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the ordinary run of the diseases it is intended to cure. In order to secure their complete eradication from the system, the remedy should be judiciously taken according to directions on the bottle.

PREPARED BY
**DR. J. C. AYER & CO.**
LOWELL, MASS.
**Price, $1 per Bottle; Six Bottles for $5.**

## Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

has won for itself such a renown for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been employed. As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all it has ever been found to do.

## Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR THE CURE OF

*Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetter, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, and for Purifying the Blood.*

They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic.

**Price, 25 cents per Box; Six Boxes for $1.00.**

Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent personages, have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefulness of these remedies, but our space here will not permit the insertion of them. The Agents below named furnish gratis our AMERICAN ALMANAC, in which they are given; with also full descriptions of the above complaints, and the treatment that should be followed for their cure.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S, and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

**All our Remedies are for sale by**

SOLD BY

Doctors Reamer and Harry, Bedford, Pa.

July 30, '58-1y.

## Samuel Ketterman,

*COUNTY SURVEYOR.*

WOULD hereby notify the citizens of Bedford county, that he has moved to the Borough of Bedford, where he may at all times be found by persons wishing to see him, unless absent upon business pertaining to his office.

April 16, 1858.-tf.

*TO BE HAD AT DR. HARRY'S.*

Essence of Jamaica Ginger, which should have a place in every family, for sale at Dr. Harry's.

## Drugs and Books.

DR. F. C. REAMER

Having purchased the Drug and Book Store of Dr. S. D. Scott, will constantly keep on hand at his establishment in Julianna Street, a complete assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Varnishes, Brushes of all kinds, Patent Medicines, Lamps, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, &c. &c. together with an extensive collection of School and Miscellaneous Books, Blank Books, Common and Fancy Stationery, &c. which he offers at greatly reduced prices for cash. Bedford, Feb. 17, 1854.

## FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP!

THE subscribers having formed a partnership under the style of "Dock & Ashcom" for the purpose of conducting a general

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE

business in the establishment recently erected by Gilliard Dock, in Hopewell, Bedford county, are now prepared to execute orders for *CASTINGS AND MACHINERY* of every description. They will build to order steam-engines, coal and drift-cars, horse powers, and threshing machines—also, casting of every kind for furnaces, forges, saw, grist and rolling mills, ploughs, water-pipe, columns, house fronts, brackets, &c., &c.

They are also, now making a fine assortment of STOVES of various kinds of the latest patterns and most approved styles, including several sizes of COOK STOVES of the best make, heating stoves for churches, offices, bar-rooms, &c.

A full assortment of Stoves will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at wholesale and retail, at prices to suit the times, and quality, warranted equal to the best eastern make. Machinery of all kinds repaired promptly. Patterns made to order.

GILLIARD DOCK.
October 30, 1857. C. W. ASHCOM.

### WASHINGTON HOTEL.

MRS. COOK would announce to her friends and the public, that the Washington Hotel is now fitted up in superior order for the accommodation of guests, and she hopes to continue to receive a liberal share of custom. Persons visiting the Mineral Springs will find in the Washington Hotel a comfortable summer retreat—and no pains will be spared to please all who patronize the house.

☞A young gentleman of high qualification and courteous deportment has charge of the establishment.

☞The best of Stabling is attached to this Hotel.

☞Terms as moderate as any other house in the place.

☞Daily Mail Stages from Alaquippa and Cumberland—also tri-weekly Lines from Hollidaysburg and Pittsburg stop at this Hotel.

Bedford, April 25, 1856.

D. R. ANDERSON,

*OF CENTREVILLE, CUMBERLAND VALLEY.*

would hereby give notice to his customers and friends, that in order to make arrangements for the Fall trade he will sell goods much cheaper than ever for CASH. He also, wants all knowing themselves owing him to come and settle with him without delay.

Sep 24, 1858.

WM. FOSTER,

WITH

*BALDWIN, LINDERMAN & CO.*

Importers and Dealers in Hosiery, Gloves Trimmings, Combs, Brushes, Fancy Goods Looking Glasses, &c. No 84 North Third St., Philadelphia. All orders solicited and promptly attended to. Sept. 5, 1856-

THE MENGEL HOUSE.

**Valentine Steckman, Proprietor.**

☞Boarders taken by the day, week, month or year, on moderate terms.

May 9, 1856.

## *The "Right of Search"*

WILL not be denied to any one wishing to purchase a new coat at Loyer's

## Emporium

### OF FASHION!

where has just been received a large and elegant assortment of gentlemen's dress and furnishing goods, consisting, in part, of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS,
CRAVATS,
GLOVES, &c., &c.

all of which are offered to the public at a low figure. Clothes made to order on short notice.

Call and buy one of those beautiful coats made only by

Colin Loyer, Merchant Tailor,
Of the finest fashionable
Lasting goods, both plain and fancy,
Into Bedford ever brought to
Neatly clothe "ye people" civil.

Bedford, July 2, 1858.

## John P. Reed,

Attorney at Law, Bedford, Pennsylvania

*Respectfully tenders his services to the Public*

☞Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Feb. 20, 1852.

Country Physicians can have their orders filled at City prices at Dr. Harry's.

Bedford, Dec. 5, 1856.

☞Adams & Co. have established their Express on the H. & B. T. R. R. and appointed C. W. ASHCOM, Esq., agent at Hopewell.

Bazin's fancy Toilet Soaps, Shaving Creams &c. just received and for sale at Dr. Harry's Drug Store.

LUMBER.—Twenty Thousand feet of Spruce & Pine Boards, also a large supply of Poplar Scantling—for sale by A. B. CRAMER & Co Feb 19, 1858

**Fresh** Supply of Groceries—Coffee, Sugars, Syrup, best quality, Green and Black, Teas, Best Pearl Starch &c., &c., just received at REED & MINNICH'S.

A NEW SUPPLY OF BOOTS & SHOES,
Just received and for sale cheap at J. & J. M. Shoemaker's Colonade store. (aug. 20,'58.

AN EXCELLENT ARTICLE
of Hair and tooth brushes at Dr. Harry' Drug and Book Store. [july 30,

Bazin's & Lubin's Extract for the Handkerchief, Cologne Water, &c. for sale at Dr. Harry's Drug Store.

## Bedford Hotel,

And General Stage Office.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Bedford Hotel, at present in the occupancy of Col. Adam Barnhart, and will take possession on the 1st day of April next. It is not his design to make many professions as to what he will do, but he pledges his word that his most energetic efforts will be employed to render comfortable all who give him a call. The House will be handsomely fitted up, and none but careful and attentive servants will be engaged. Persons visiting the Bedford Springs, as well as those attending Court, and the travelling community generally, are respectfully invited to give him a call and judge for themselves.

☞Boarders taken by the week, month, or year, on favorable terms.

☞Ample and comfortable stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also, a safe and convenient carriage house.

☞*All the STAGES stop at this Hotel.*

JOHN HAFER.

March 16, 1855.

## DR. WALTON'S

### AMERICAN PILLS.

JOY TO THE AFFLICTED.

YOUNG AMERICA VICTORIOUS

One small box of Pills cures ninety-nine cases out of a hundred. No Balsam, no Mercury, no odor on the breath, no fear of detection. Two small pills a dose; tasteless and harmless as water. Full directions are given, so that the patient can cure himself as certain as with the advice of the most experienced surgeon, and much better than with the advice of one of little experience in this class of disease.

SENT BY MAIL TO ANY PART OF THE COUNTRY by enclosing one dollar to *Dr. D. G. Walgen* No. 154 North Seventh St. below Race, Philadelphia. *A liberal discount to the trade.* None genuine without the *written* signature of D. G. Walton Proprietor.

Dr. W's treatment for Self-abuse, Weakness, &c., is entirely different from the usual course. Dr. W. has cured hundreds who have tried others without benefit. The treatment is as certain to cure as the sun is to rise. Enclose a stamp, and address Dr. W. as above giving a full history of your case, and you will bless the day you made the effort to secure what is certain—A RADICAL CURE.

Feb. 5, 58.—1 yr.

### Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Henry S. King and James Madara, under the name and firm of Madara, King & Co., doing business at Lemon's Iron Works, in Hopewell township, Bedford county, is dissolved by mutual consent.

HENRY S. KING,
Nov. 2, 1857. JAMES MADARA.

The business of manufacturing iron at Lemon' Iron Works, will be continued by the undersigned, who has purchased all the interest of his late partners James Madary, in the Books property and effects belonging to the late firm of Madara, King & Co.

Nov. 20. 1857. HENRY S. KING.

FURNITURE

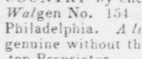
# For Sale.

The subscriber being a practical workman, is now carrying on the cabinet making business at the east end of Bedford, next to the Foundry, and has on hand the best, and most fashionable stock of furniture, ever made. Please call and examine for yourselves before buying elsewhere, as great bargains can be had by giving him a call.

May 7, 1858. M. E. BARTEGES.

## *How to save Money!*

ALL persons who are in want of good and very cheap Chairs and Cabinet Furniture,



can now have an opportunity of saving money, by calling on the subscriber, and selecting such articles as they may need from a large stock now on hand which will be sold lower than the same can be bought in this country.

You who are about to commence housekeeping will do well by calling on me as there will be great reductions made in suits of Furniture. You will see the truth of the above statement by looking at the following list of prices.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| CHAIRS FROM | $4 50 | to | 36 00 | per set |
| BEDSTEADS, | 2 50 | " | 15 00 | " |
| TABLES, | 2 50 | " | 20 00 | " |
| BUREAUS, | 10 00 | " | 35 00 | " |
| CUPBOARDS, | 5 00 | " | 12 00 | " |
| WASHSTANDS, | 1 50 | " | 6 00 | " |
| WORK STANDS, | 1 00 | " | 5 00 | " |
| CANDLE STANDS, | 1 00 | " | 3 00 | " |

All other articles in proportion. All articles warranted.

ISAAC MENGEL, JR.

February 19, 1858.

### A Two-Story Frame House

AND

### FIVE ACRES OF GROUND FOR SALE.

THE undersigned will sell at private sale a new TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, together with FIVE ACRES OF GROUND, situate along the Bedford and Somerset Turnpike road, in Allegheny township, Somerset county, adjoining John Corly, Wm. Barrick and others. The property is in good order, and has all the necessary out-buildings thereon erected—the property is very desirable for a good mechanic or laboring man, as it has every convenience and located in a good neighborhood. Terms easy.

MARY SPROAT.

N. B. For further information, address the subscriber at Buena Vista, Bedford county, Pa.

July 9, 1858. M. S.

For pimples and wrinkles and freckles and tan,
Nothing has e'er been discovered by man,
Like that wonderful product of tropical bowers,
The popular "Balm of a Thousand Flowers."
to be had at Dr. Harry's Drug & Book Store
March 6, 1857.

CALICOES, MUSLINS, and other goods just received at Reed and Minnich's. Call and see them.

JUST RECEIVED

and for sale—the celebrated Greencastle Grain Cradle, by

june 11,'58. G. W. RUPP.

CORN.—One Thousand bushels for sale—also Family flour—Prime new Bacon also—by

A. B. CRAMER & Co.

IRON.—Blacksmith's and others are informed we have just received a large supply of Refined Iron—warranted best quality.

A. B. CRAMER & CO

WAGONS.—Several new two horse waggons work warranted, for sale on a liberal credit or for country produce by A. B. CRAMER & Co.

Feb. 19, 1858.

For the Hair, Jockey Club and new mown Hay Pomatums, Phalon's Invigorator, &c. &c. can all be had at Dr. Harry's.

**All** kinds of goods sold at REED & MINNICH'S for Cash or Produce.

**Cheese**—Cheese, best quality, just received at REED & MINNICH'S.

## DENTIST.

C. M. HICKOK.

Will attend punctually and carefully to all operations intrusted to his care. Teeth filled, plugged, regulated, &c., and artificial teeth inserted, from one to an entire set.

Charges moderate, and all operations warranted.

☞ Terms INVARIABLY CASH.

Office on East Pitt street, Bedford, Pa.

D. E. WUNDERLICH. B. F. NEAD

## Wunderlich & Nead,

Forwarding & Commission Merchants,

*North Second Street, opposite the Cumberland Valley Rail Road Depot,*

CHAMBERSBURG.

☞They are at all times prepared to carry al kinds of Produce to, and Merchandise, &c., from Philadelphia and Baltimore, at the shortest notice.

*.* They will also purchase Flour, Grain, &c., at market price.

COAL, LUMBER, SALT, FISH, GUANO, and PLASTER on hand and for sale low.

June 10, 1853.

ATTENTION, MARKSMAN.

*JOHN BORDER,*

**GUNSMITH, Bedford, Pa.**

Shop at the east end of the town, one door west of the residence of Major Washabaugh.

All guns of my own manufacture warranted.

May 21,'58.-1y.

### AMERICAN HOUSE,

CUMBERLAND MD.,

*ADJOINING THE DEPOT,*

JOHN C. RIFFLE, PROPRIETOR.

☞Coaches from Bedford, Greensburg and Washington, stop at this House. Persons going to Cumberland will find advantages, by stopping at the "American House," over that of any other in the place. (may 14,'58-1y.)

### TO BUILDERS.

The subscriber is fully preprred to furnish any quantity or quality of Building Lumber and Plastering Laths. Orders directed to St. Clairsville, Bedford County, will be promptly attended to, by giving a reasonable notice.

F. D. BEEGLE.

### WALL AND BLIND PAPER.

Dr. B. F. HARRY is our agent for this necessary article. By calling at his store our patrons will see samples of our papers. We have made our Spring selection with much care, and think we cannot fail to please.

SHRYOCK & SMITH,
*Chambersburg.*

March 6.

*BEDFORD*

## Machine Shop!

THE subscriber would most respectfully announce to the farming community, and public in general, that he still continues to manufacture at his shop, in Bedford, Pa., the following farming utensils, of the very best material, and in the most workmanlike manner, viz:

FOUR AND SIX HORSE TUMBLING SHAFT POWER MACHINES,

with large open cylinders, six staves, and spikes screwed in, and improved Straw Shakers attached. Their superiors for strength and speed are not made in this or any other county in the State.

Four Horse Tumbling Shaft and Strap Power Machine with cylinder open or shut, as may be desired and shaker of the best kind, for convenience, ease of draft, and perfect working. This machine has no superior anywhere.

THREE HORSE MACHINES, of the same kind.—TWO AND THREE HORSE TUMBLING SHAFT POWER MACHINES, a very convenient and excellent machine for small farmers, with or without shakers. *HILL SIDE PLOUGHS*, of a very superior pattern to any in use in this country—*single and Double Shovel Ploughs, with steel shovels.*

## Cultivators,

Peckham's New York FIVE-HOED STEEL POINT EXPANDING CULTIVATOR—Roger's Pittsburg patent STEEL TOOTH EXPANDING CULTIVATOR, for working corn, or seeding in grain, Fanning Mills, Horse Rakes, Lever Cutting Boxes, Harrows, Wheelbarrows, made to order. All the above articles constantly on hand, and sold on reasonable terms.

Repairing of all kinds of Machines, whether made here or elsewhere, done on the shortest notice.

Castings for all my Machines and Ploughs made at the Foundry of Mr. Michael Bannan, in Bedford, and will compare with any made in the State for strength and durability. BLACKSMITHING done to order. All my work warranted to give satisfaction.

From a past experience of twenty years in the Machine business, I feel confident that I can give entire satisfaction to all who may favor me with a call. Call and examine my work before you purchase elsewhere, as I am determined to please all.

Horses, grain of all kinds, lumber and iron, will be taken in exchange for work.

PETER H. SHIRES,
Bedford, May 21, 1858-6m. Machinist.

### SAVE YOUR MONEY!

THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform the travelling public, that he has established a daily line of stages between Bedford and Latrobe. The route is that of the old Philadelphia Turnpike, leading from Philadelphia to Pittsburg, being one of the best coach roads in the Union.

*Passengers will REACH*

trains of cars for Pittsburg as early as by going to Hollidaysburg or Johnstown. The fare to Pittsburg on this route is *Four Dollars and Twenty Cents* being

*THREE DOLLARS CHEAPER*

than on any other route from Bedford to that point. Coaches leave the Washington Hotel, Bedford, every morning, at 6½ o'clock, (Sundays excepted) and the Depot at Latrobe every morning, after the arrival of the mail train from Pittsburg, (Sundays excepted. JOSEPH A. GARMAN.

February, 12, 1858-tf.

## BLOODY RUN FOUNDRY

AND

## *Machine Shop!*

THE subscribers are now prepared at their Foundry in Bloody Run, to fill all orders for Castings of every description for

*GRIST AND SAW-MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, APPLE MILLS, PLOUGHS* and all things else in our line that may be needed in this or adjoining counties.

We manufacture Threshing Machines of 2, 4 or Horse Power, WARRANTED equal if not superior to any made in the State. We keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Wood Cock, Plug and Hillside Ploughs, WARRANTED to give satisfaction, or no sale. Points, shares and land sides to fit all Woodcock, or Seyler ploughs in the county.

Farmers' Bells, Ploughs and Castings of our make may be had at the store of

Wm. Hartley, in Bedford,
Sonderbaugh & Pee, East Providence Tp.,
John Nycum & Son, " "

Times being hard, we offer great inducements to Farmers and Mechanics to buy of us.

All kinds of repairing done in a neat and substantial manner and all work warranted. Call and examine our castings and work and judge for yourselves. Our agents sell at foundry prices.

JOSIAH BAUGHMAN & BRO.

March 26, 1856.

D. Border,

## Clock & Watch Maker

AND DEALER IN JEWELRY,

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford, and the public in general, that he has opened a Jewelry Store in the building recently occupied by H. Nicodemus, Esq. nearly opposite the Bedford Hotel, where he will be pleased to see all in want of articles in his line. He has on hand, and will constantly keep, an elegant assortment of JEWELRY, and will repair Clocks and Watches in the best style. He hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage, as he feels satisfied he can render satisfaction to all who entrust him with their work. His terms will be moderate.

He has on hand Gold and Silver WATCHES, Silver Spoons, Thimbles, Butter Knives, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils, &c. &c.

April 27, 1855.

### BANKING HOUSES

*OF*

JOHN T. HOGG.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| SOMERSET, | SOMERSET CO. | Pennsylvania. |
| MOUNTPLEASANT, | WESTMORE'D " | |
| CONNELLSVILLE, | FAYETTE CO. | |
| UNIONTOWN, | " | |
| BROWNSVILLE, | " | |
| NEW BRIGHTON, | BEAVER CO. | |

Deposits received, Discounts made, Drafts bought, sold and collected. Bank notes and Specie bought and sold. Stocks, notes, and other securities, bought and sold on Commission. Correspondence and collections solicited.

Aug. 21, 1857.

### Shryock & Smith,

Booksellers and Stationers, and dealers in Music and Musical Instruments, Chambersburg.

Our Stock consists of Books, Stationery, Music, Musical Instruments, Wall Paper, Blinds, French, German, and American Lithographs, and Steel Engravings, gilt Mouldings for Frames, etc. etc., wholesale and retail. Dr. B. F. Harry is our agent for Bedford, and all orders given him will be promptly attended to.

March 6.

GETTYS' PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY

*Exchange Building, Bedford, Pa.,*

Where Ambrotypes, Daguerreotypes, &c. &c., of every description, are executed in the latest styles and improvements of the Art. A full assortment of plain and fancy cases, and gold and plated Lockets, at very low prices.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine his specimens.

T. R. GETTYS, Jr.

## SHOEMENDING!

HAVING commenced the business of Shoemending, one door east of Mr. Brice's Hotel, Bedford, Pa., I am prepared to do all manner of work in this line of business at the shortest notice, and in the most substantial manner, on more reasonable rates than usual, *one thing indispensable.* Give me a call, try my work and judge for yourselves.

June 11,'58. J. B. BAKER.

## Spectacles!

The subscriber has just received a splendid variety of Gold, Silver Mounted, and Steel Spectacles, with the finest Scotch Pebbles, superior in clearness, and designed to suit persons of all ages—warranted never to FAIL—to which he invites the attention of all who are in need of the article. He has also just received an elegant assortment of JEWELRY—all of which he will sell on reasonable terms.

DANIEL BORDER.

Bedford, May 22, 1857.

### TEACHERS WANTED.

LIBERAL wages will be paid to School Teachers to take charge of the common Schools of Londonderry Township. Without qualifications, respectability and competency, none need apply. Schools to open by the first of Nov. next, and continue 4 months.

By order of the Board of Directors.

D. B. TROUTMAN,
Palo Alto, Oct. 15th, 1858. Sec't'y.

A CARD.

Allegheny Male and Female Seminary,

**RAINSBURG, Pa.**

The summer term will open Aug. 5th. Fall term, Oct. 21st, 1858, and winter term, Jan. 18th. Spring term, April 5th, 1859.

☞Circulars with full particulars may be had of W. W. BRIM, A. B., Principal.

N. B. Students coming to this institution will be conveyed free of charge from Bedford, on the 4th August, by addressing a letter to Mr. Samuel Williams, of Rainsburg.

Rainsburg, Bedford co., June 4, '57-1y.

## DR. F. C. REAMER

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his Professional Services to the Citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

☞Office in Julianna Street, at the Drug and Book Store. Feb. 17, 1854.

## Dr. B. F. Harry

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt-Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. John Hofius.

June 24, 1853.

### LAW PARTNERSHIP.

JOB MANN. G. H. SPANG.

THE undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞Office on Julianna Street, three doors south of "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Maj. Tate.

JOB MANN,
June 2, 1854. G. H. SPANG.

W. J. BAER. G. W. BENFORD. B. F. MEYERS.

BAER, BENFORD & MEYERS,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

BEDFORD, PENN'A.

WILL punctually attend to all business entrusted to their care. ☞Mr. Baer will be in regular attendance at Court. Office on Julianna street, same as formerly occupied by Wm. M. Hall, Esq. [jan '58.

## Cessna & Shannon,

HAVE formed a Partnership in the Practice of the Law. ☞Office nearly opposite the *Gazette* Office, where one or the other may at all times be found.

Bedford, Oct. 26, 1849.

## LAW NOTICE.

**W. J. BAER, Attorney at Law:**

WILL practice regularly in the Courts of Bedford County hereafter. He may, during Court Weeks, be consulted at his room at the Washinghton Hotel.

Nov. 23, 1855.

## Sign of the Lock!

# HARDWARE,

FARM-IMPLEMENT AND GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHING AND

# VARIETY STORE.

*WILLIAM HARTLEY*

Has just opened and is constantly receiving at his new store, corner of "Bedford Hall," one door East of A B Cramer's store, an elegant and large stock of Hardware, House Furnishing Goods, and Agricultural Implements. His stock consists in part of

Carpenter's tools,
Cabinet maker's tools and findings,
Wooden and willow ware,
Ropes of several sizes,
Chains in assortment,
Shovels, scoops, forks and spades,
Files and Rasps in Variety,
Locks of all descriptions,
Brass, Copper and Iron wire,
Churns in Variety,
Coffee and Spice Mills, (Warranted)
Fox, Rat, and Mice traps,
Spade, Shovel, fork and axe handles,
Brushes in Variety,
Nails, Glass and Putty,
Fluid, Pine oil and Turpentine,
Double and Single Bit axes,
Knife cleaners, an excellent article,
Britannia ware,
Brass, porcelained and tin lined Kettles,
Patent and common Sad Irons,
Shoemakers tools and findings,
Screen wire,
Chain Pumps,
Corn Shellers,
Corn Fodder Cutters and crushers,
Corn mills,
Glass Lanterns,
Oil for Harness and Machinery,
Paints, oils, and varnish, Iron and Steel of all descriptions, Wall Paper and hundreds of other articles.

He respectfully invites the patronage of the citizens of this and adjoining counties, feeling confident that he can satisfy them in the price and quality of his goods.

Remember, things sold by him are *warranted* as *represented* so that none can be deceived; and any article not in his line not on hand will be furnished at 4 days notice cheerfully at Eastern retail price.

N. B. Believing that the present credit system is disadvantageous to every body, he will trust no man longer than 6 months, but will sell *cheaper for cash* than goods of like quality have ever been bought in Bedford. Call and examine his stock, judge for yourself, and we think you will be pleased with the goods, the prices and the system.

He keeps on hand, or will cheerfully furnish every thing needed in this county and brought from the East, excepting only dry goods and groceries.

March, 26, 1858.

### To Clergymen and Superintendent's of Sabbath Schools.

We keep on hand the publications of the Am. S. S. Union, American Bible Society, American Tract Society, Presbyterian Board of Publication, Methodist Book Rooms, Massachusetts S. S. Union, Lutheran Board of Publication, Episcopal S. S. Union, and a great variety of standard Religious Publications suitable for Sabbath Schools.

SHRYOCK & SMITH,
*Chambersburg.*

March 6, 1857.

**Hammonton Lands**—*NEW ENGLAND SETTLEMENT.—RARE OPPORTUNITY.*—TO ALL WANTING FARMS—in a healthy place, twenty-five miles from Philadelphia, on the Camden and Atlantic railroad, New Jersey. An old estate has been recently opened for sale, and the first division of 10,000 acres divided up into farm of twenty acres and upwards. The soil is *of the best* quality for the production of fruits, grains &c. The price is $15 to $20 per acres, payable in easy quarterly yearly instalments, with a term of four years, with interest. The terms are made easy, in order to insure the rapid improvement of the land, by enabling *every industrious man to buy a farm.* It is now being extensively improved by good roads, and some of the best citizens from New England and the Middle States are erecting large improvements. It is a scene of the greatest improvement out of Philadelphia. Seventy-five houses have been built in four months. Practical farmers and business men from the length and breadth of the Union are settling there. It is an important business place, on account of its being in the midst of a great market. Every article raised upon this land finds an immediate sale. The water is excellent, and no such thing as fever is known. The soil is a sandy loam, with a *clay bottom* and *retentive* of manures. It is free of stones and easily worked. It abounds largely in the phosphates, and such is its fertility that from the crops produced both upon this land and the large area adjoining under cultivation, it will be found not to be excelled anywhere in the production of crops most adapted to its market. The reader may be well aware that the earliest and best fruits and vegetables come from New Jersey, which are annually exported to the amount of millions of dollars. The land, besides being accessible in every way for fertilizers, has an abundant supply of the best quality of muck manure. Lumber and building materials can be had on the spot at a cheap price, from the mills. Other mills are now being opened, and brickyards being started on the ground. A person can put up a frame tenement for present convenience for one hundred dollars. On account of the extensive emigration, this is the best course to pursue in order to get a place to live in at first. Carpenters and builders are on hand to put up houses on the best terms.

In settling here the emigrant has many advantages. He is within a few hours' ride of the great cities in the Middle States and New England; he is near his old friends and associations; he is in a settled country, where every improvement and comfort of civilization is at hand; he is in a healthy place, and is not subject to the certainty of losing the greater part of his family and his own health by those malignant fevers which make the graves of so many millions of the young and hardy in far off regions away from home and friends. Besides, he has a mild climate and an open winter. There are three trains daily to Philadelphia, and to all those who improve the railroad company gives a free ticket. The reader will at once be struck with the advantages here presented, and ask himself why the property has not been taken up before. The reason is, it was never thrown in the market; and unless these statements were correct, no one would be invited to examine before purchasing. This all are expected to do—They will see the land under cultivation; they will meet persons, no doubt, from their own neighborhood; they will witness the improvements, and can judge of the character of the population. Persons should come prepared to purchase, as many are locating, and locations are not held on refusal. The Hammonton Farmer, a monthly Literary and Agricultural sheet, containing full information of Hammonton, will be sent to each inquirer, and can be obtained at 25 cents per annum.

*Title indisputable. Warrantee deeds given, clear of all incumbrance, when purchase money is paid. Route to the land:—Leave Vine street wharf, Philadelphia, for Hammonton by railroad at 7½ A. M. and 5½ P. M.; when there inquire for Mr Byrnes. Boarding conveniences will be found. Letters and applications can be addressed to S. B. COUGHLIN, 202 South Fifth Street below Walnut, Philada. Maps and information cheerfully furnished.* (aug. 27, '58.

A. H. C. BROCKEN,

22d CLIFF STREET, NEW-YORK,

MANUFACTURER OF

GLASS SYRINGES, HOMŒOPATHIC VIALS, GRADUATED MEASURES, NURSING BOTTLES, ETC.

Glass Ware for Chemists, Druggists, Perfumers, Photographers, etc. Green Glass Ware by the package. A liberal discount made to the trade. Orders from Country Druggists and Dealers solicited. Price Lists sent on application. [aug 13,'58.

### DRUG STORE FOR SALE.

Any person desirous of purchasing a well established and profitable Drug Store can hear of a first rate opening by addressing the editor of this paper.

July 17, 1857.